

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
FOI/PA
DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET
FOI/PA# 1327609-0

Total Deleted Page(s) = 32

Page 8 ~ Duplicate - Page 8 is a copy of Sec. 01, page 189;
Page 18 ~ Duplicate - Pages 18-19 are copies of Sec. 01, pages 204-205;
Page 19 ~ Duplicate - Pages 18-19 are copies of Sec. 01, pages 204-205;
Page 23 ~ Referral/Consult;
Page 24 ~ Referral/Consult;
Page 25 ~ Duplicate - Page 25 is a copy of Sec. 01, page 177;
Page 42 ~ Referral/Direct;
Page 45 ~ Referral/Consult;
Page 46 ~ Referral/Consult;
Page 47 ~ Referral/Consult;
Page 48 ~ Duplicate - Page 48 is a copy of Sec. 01, page 177;
Page 51 ~ Duplicate - Page 51 is a copy of Sec. 01, page 177;
Page 55 ~ Duplicate - Page 55 is a copy of Sec. 01, page 189;
Page 62 ~ Duplicate;
Page 63 ~ Duplicate;
Page 64 ~ Duplicate;
Page 65 ~ Duplicate;
Page 66 ~ Duplicate;
Page 67 ~ Duplicate;
Page 68 ~ Duplicate;
Page 69 ~ Duplicate;
Page 70 ~ Duplicate;
Page 81 ~ b6; b7C; b7D;
Page 84 ~ b6; b7C; b7D;
Page 99 ~ b6; b7C; b7D;
Page 102 ~ b6; b7C; b7D;
Page 105 ~ b6; b7C; b7D;
Page 106 ~ b6; b7C; b7D;
Page 108 ~ Duplicate;
Page 109 ~ Duplicate;
Page 134 ~ b6; b7C; b7D;
Page 135 ~ b6; b7C; b7D;

XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
X Deleted Page(s) X
X No Duplication Fee X
X For this Page X
XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

REPORTING OFFICE NEW YORK	OFFICE OF ORIGIN NEW YORK	DATE 10/13/66	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD 8/2 - 10/5/66
TITLE OF CASE EUGENE DOMINICK GENOVESE		REPORT MADE BY <div style="border: 1px solid black; height: 20px; width: 100%;"></div>	TYPED BY nb6 b7c
		CHARACTER OF CASE SM - PLP	

REFERENCE:

Report of SA WILLIAM C. KASH, at New York, dated 9/10/65.

- P -

ADMINISTRATIVE:

Under separate cover a Letterhead Memo is being prepared regarding the subject's travel to Europe.

CC TO: **US + A**

REQ. REC'D **7-25-71**

AUG 9 1971

ANS BY: **Ed ACH**

Case has been: Pending over one year ☐ Yes ☐ No; Pending prosecution over six months ☐ Yes ☐ No

APPROVED

SPECIAL AGENT
IN CHARGE

DO NOT WRITE IN SPACES BELOW

COPIES MADE:

- ⑤ - Bureau (62-100839) (RM)
- 1 - Secret Service, NYC (RM)
- 1 - Newark (100-47478) (INFO) (RM)
- 3 - New York (100-116175)

62-100839-42	REC- 57
12 OCT 17 1966	6-10

Dissemination Record of Attached Report

Agency	RAO	State	CIA
Request Recd.			
Date Fwd.	10-20-66		
W Fwd.	54 OCT 21 1966	RS	RS
	FRS/can		

Notations

100-18
7-28 6H-22
SUBV. CONTROL

NY 100-116175

INFORMANTS:

Identity of Source

File Number Where Located

NY T-1

100-116175-216

[REDACTED]
New York City
(deemed advisable)

b6
b7C
b7D

NY T-2

100-116175-161

[REDACTED]
Clifton, New Jersey
(deemed advisable)

NY T-3

100-116175-192

[REDACTED]
PSI, Newark

NY T-4

100-116175-169
-185

[REDACTED]
New York City
[REDACTED]

b6
b7C
b7D

NY T-5

100-156334-1A3

[REDACTED]
Panel Source

b7D

NY T-6

100-116175-160

[REDACTED]
Panel Source

NY T-7

[REDACTED]
Panel Source

[REDACTED]

COVER PAGE

B

NY 100-116175

INFORMANTS (CONTINUED):

Identity of Source

File Number Where Located

NY T-8

[Redacted]

NY T-9

[Redacted]

NY T-10

[Redacted]

NY T-11

[Redacted]

NY T-12

[Redacted]

NY T-13

[Redacted]

NY T-14

[Redacted]

NY T-15

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

b7D

Used to characterize HERBERT APTHEKER.

NY T-16

[Redacted]

100-116175-217

b6
b7C
b7D

NY T-17

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

b7D

COVER PAGE

NY 100-116175

LEADS:

NEWARK

AT NEWARK, NEW JERSEY. A copy of this report is being designated for Newark inasmuch as the subject is employed at Rutgers University, New Brunswick, New Jersey, which is in the Newark Division.

NEW YORK

AT NEW YORK, NEW YORK. Will await information from WFO regarding check of passport records concerning subject.

COVER PAGE

[D]

NY 100-116175

1. ☒ Subject's name is included in the Security Index.
2. ☒ The data appearing on the Security Index card are current.
3. ☐ Changes on the Security Index card are necessary and Form FD-122 has been submitted to the Bureau.
4. ☒ A suitable photograph ☒ is ☐ is not available, dated 1955.
5. ☐ Subject is employed in a key facility and _____ is charged with security responsibility. Interested agencies are _____
6. ☒ This report is classified "~~Confidential~~" because (state reason)
it contains information from NY T-3 through NY T-15 and NY T-17, the unauthorized disclosure of which could reasonably result in the identification of these sources of continuing value, compromise future effectiveness thereof, and be injurious to the national defense.
7. ☒ Subject previously interviewed (dates) 10/15/54; 5/23/57
☒ Subject was not reinterviewed because (state reason)
he was completely uncooperative when previously interviewed, coupled with the fact that he is a teacher and has made strong anti-US statements in front of public audiences.
8. ☐ This case no longer meets the Security Index criteria and a letter has been directed to the Bureau recommending cancellation of the Security Index card.
9. ☒ This case has been re-evaluated in the light of the Security Index criteria and it continues to fall within such criteria because (state reason)
of subject's close association with MILTON ROSEN, his long history of affiliation with the Communist movement and his former position on the Editorial Board of the Progressive Labor publication, "Marxist-Leninist Quarterly".
10. ☒ Subject's SI card ☐ is ☒ is not tabbed Detcom.
☐ Subject's activities warrant Detcom tabbing because (state reasons)

COVER PAGE

E*

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Copy to: 1 - Secret Service, NYC (RM)

b6
b7C

Report of:

Date:

10/13/66

Office:

New York, New York

Field Office File #:

100-116175

Bureau File #:

62-100839

Title:

EUGENE DOMINICK GENOVESE

Character:

SECURITY MATTER - PROGRESSIVE LABOR PARTY

Synopsis:

Subject resides at 331 West 11th Street, New York City, and is a professor of history, Rutgers University, New Brunswick, New Jersey. Reaction to subject's "victory for the Viet Cong" speech, 4/23/65, set forth. Information regarding teach-in, April, 1966, set forth. Foreign travel and other activities set forth.

- P -

DETAILS:

I. BACKGROUND

A. Residence

Subject resides at 331 West 11th Street, New York, New York.

NY T-1

October 5, 1966

B. Marital Status

Subject is separated from his wife.

NY T-1

October 5, 1966

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

GROUP 1
Excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification

NY 100-116175

C. Employment

Subject is employed as a professor of history, Rutgers University, New Brunswick, New Jersey.

[redacted]
Personnel Service Office,
Rutgers University,
New Brunswick, New Jersey,
To Special Agent (SA)
[redacted]

b6
b7c

September 2, 1966

II. PARTICIPATION IN VIET NAM
TEACH-IN AND PUBLIC REACTIONS
THEREOF

A. Reaction to Teach-In on April 23, 1965

Source furnished a report, dated June 28, 1965, to the General Assembly of the State of New Jersey regarding subject and the Viet Nam teach-in at Rutgers University on April 23, 1965. This report, which was made by two New Jersey State Assemblymen, reflected that they were in complete disagreement with the subject's views yet recommended, however, that the administration of Rutgers University reappraise the regulations pertaining to academic freedom and employment procedures in this regard.

NY T-2
September, 1965

A report furnished for public consumption, dated August 6, 1965, was prepared for presentation to Governor RICHARD J. HUGHES of New Jersey by the Board of Governors, Rutgers University. This report concerned the teach-in of April 23, 1965, at which subject stated he welcomed a victory for the Viet Cong. This report reflected that although all members of the Board were completely out of sympathy with the views of the subject his remarks did not constitute grounds for dismissal.

"The New York Herald Tribune", October 29, 1965, Late City Edition, page 11, contained an article reflecting that New Jersey State Senator WAYNE DUMONT, Republican candidate for Governor of New Jersey, urged prosecution of subject under a 1918 law of the State of New Jersey which made it an offense for any citizen to advocate to other citizens that they should not aid the United States in carrying out war with its enemies.

NY 100-116175

"The New York Times", April 15, 1966, page 7, Late City Edition, reflected subject was due to appear at another teach-in at Rutgers University in the near future.

"The New York World Telegram and Sun", April 19, 1966, page 23 of the Metro Edition, reflected that the subject would participate in another teach-in at Rutgers University entitled "Southeast Asia: One Year later."

"The New York World Telegram and Sun", April 20, 1966, Metro Edition, page 13, contained an article "Professor Renews Opposition to War in Talk at Rutgers." This article reflected that a year after his "victory for the Viet Cong" speech subject, at a teach-in at Rutgers University previous evening, again attacked our involvement in Viet Nam. Subject stated "The Communists are probably the only force capable of restoring order in leading a national reconstruction and implementing a lasting agreement" in Viet Nam.

"The New York Times", April 20, 1966, Late City Edition, page 40, reflected that subject went before another teach-in and declared "I said here a year ago, as I say now, a Communist ascendancy in Viet Nam is not to be feared but welcomed."

On April 19, 1966 and April 20, 1966, a teach-in was held at Rutgers University, New Brunswick, New Jersey, which was sponsored by the Universities Committee on the Problems of War and Peace and the subject was the main speaker.

NY T-3
April 21, 1966

On April 20, 1966, the above described teach-in was held and subject stated he did not regret his statement of a year ago when he stated he would welcome a Viet Cong victory.

NY T-3
April 20, 1966

"The New York Post", May 14, 1966, Final Edition, page 2, contained an article entitled "Rutgers Refuses to Oust Genovese." This article reflected that Rutgers University Board of Trustees had refused to dismiss Associate Professor EUGENE GENOVESE, who said he would welcome a Viet Cong victory

NY 100-116175

in Viet Nam. The Board said that it found much that "is offensive to us and with which we completely disagree, but nothing that violates any law of the nation, state, or any regulation of the University."

"The New York Times", May 14, 1966, Late City Edition, page 28, contained a similar article as that stated above which reflected Rutgers Board of Trustees refused to dismiss subject.

III. MISCELLANEOUS

Subject attended the First Annual Socialist Scholars Conference which was held at Columbia University, New York City, and took a prominent part therein.

NY T-4
September 21, 1965

Source furnished a program published by the Second Annual Socialist Scholars Conference held at the Hotel Commodore, New York City, from September 9 to September 11, 1966. This program reflected that subject was a member of the Steering Committee of this conference.

NY T-5
September 19, 1966

The program mentioned above reflected the following:

The Socialist Scholars Conference is an independent association formed in 1965, to provide opportunities for the scholarly discussion of subjects of interest to Socialists.

On September 29, 1965, a teach-in was scheduled to be held by the Committee for Free Speech (CFFS), at Rutgers University, New Brunswick, New Jersey. Five speakers were scheduled to talk on legal and intellectual aspects of civil liberties and academic freedom. The subject was one of those who was scheduled to speak.

NY T-6
September 21, 1965

NY 100-116175

CFFS was formed in August, 1965, at Rutgers University for the purpose of protecting individual rights of free expression and to oppose those who would stifle dissent on any issue.

NY T-6

September 21, 1965

"The New York Herald Tribune", September 30, 1965, page 14, contained an article captioned "Rutgers Teach-In--2,000 Attend, But Not Genovese." This article reflected that subject did not attend the scheduled teach-in on September 29, 1965.

On November 5, 1965, the "National Guardian" held its 17th Annual dinner at the Imperial Ballroom, Hotel Americana, 7th Avenue and 53rd Street, New York City, and subject was in attendance.

NY T-7

November 19, 1965

For a characterization of the "National Guardian" see the appendix of this report.

On February 24, 1966, a Forum sponsored by the "National Guardian" was held at the Riverside Plaza Hotel, New York, New York. Subject spoke on the "new left" and stated that Socialism will come about only when accepted by the people.

NY T-5

March 4, 1966

NY T-7

March 1, 1966

NY T-8

March 14, 1966

NY T-9

March 3, 1966

NY T-10

March 8, 1966

"The Newark Sunday News", March 20, 1966, page C-5, in an article entitled "Dumont, Genovese to Share Platform." This article reflected that the American Civil Liberties Union would hold a meeting on April 23, 1966, at Rutgers University to discuss "the right to protest" and that subject would be one of the speakers.

NY 100-116175

On April 15, 1966, the Philadelphia Committee of the "National Guardian" held a public Forum on the north roof of the Adelphia Hotel, 13th and Chesnut Streets, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. Subject was a guest speaker and stated that the United States should get out of Viet Nam.

NY T-11
April 19, 1966
On April 21, 1966, the City College of New York (CCNY) Chapter of the W. E. B. Du Bois Clubs of America held a meeting at Finley Center, New York City. Subject was guest speaker and spoke on the "new left" replacing the "old left."

NY T-12
April 29, 1966

For a characterization of the W. E. B. Du Bois Clubs of America see the appendix of this report.

On April 28, 1966, a testimonial dinner for HERBERT APTHEKER was held at the Hilton Hotel, New York City. Subject was scheduled to be present, did not attend, but did send a message of congratulations to APTHEKER.

NY T-5
May 10, 1966
NY T-7
May 3, 1966
NY T-13
May 2, 1966
NY T-14
May 2, 1966

HERBERT APTHEKER was elected to the National Committee of the Communist Party, United States of America, at the 18th National Convention of the Communist Party held June 22 - June 26, 1966, at New York City.

NY T-15
June 30, 1966

NY 100-116175

On May 14, 1966, subject spoke concerning the "new left" and the "old left" at the Free University, 20 East 14th Street, New York City.

NY T-16
June 24, 1966

For a characterization of the Free University see the appendix of this report.

"The National Guardian", July 23, 1966, page 5, contained an ad for the election of Doctor HERBERT APTHEKER, candidate for Congress, Brooklyn, New York. Among the sponsors listed supporting APTHEKER was the subject.

On August 8, 1966, a meeting of the Independent Citizens Committee for the Election of HERBERT APTHEKER to Congress was held at 1110 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn, New York. At this meeting a list of sponsors was given and subject was included among these sponsors.

NY T-17
August 10, 1966

IV. FOREIGN TRAVEL

On October 4, 1966, [redacted] for the United States KLM Airlines, 509 5th Avenue, New York City, advised SA [redacted] that subject was aboard KLM charter flight 5730 which left John F. Kennedy International Airport on May 30, 1966, to Amsterdam and returned from Amsterdam to New York on June 24, 1966. This flight also carried the Rutgers Glee Club, Rutgers University, New Brunswick, New Jersey.

b6
b7C

The July - August, 1966, edition of "Studies on the Left" reflects that subject is one of the editors.

For a characterization of "Studies on the Left" see appendix of this report.

APPENDIX1.FREE UNIVERSITY OF NEW YORK (FUNY)

The "New York Times," a daily newspaper published in New York City, contained an article in its July 11, 1965, issue entitled "Radicals Set Up Own University." The article indicated that this school, called the Free University of New York (FUNY) opened on the previous Tuesday in an old loft building at 20 East 14th Street, New York City, and reportedly had 210 students registered. The article also indicated that the funds for establishing the FUNY and funds for its operation were supplied in part by non-salaried faculty members, most of whom contributed \$30 each and also by the students who pay \$24 for each eight week course.

The May 28, 1965, issue of "Newsday," a daily Long Island, New York, newspaper, contained an article entitled "Krebs To Open His Own School." This article related that [] a former Adelphi University professor, who claimed he was fired from Adelphi University for his avowed Marxist views, was planning to open a university of his own in a rented Manhattan, New York, loft.

b6
b7c

A source advised on March 14, 1966, that [] [], an expelled former secret member of the Progressive Labor Party (PLP), []

The same source advised on August 18, 1965, that the FUNY is not known to be a part of the PLP but is rather a combination of different groups in the New York City area.

The "New York Times" in its issue dated December 12, 1965, contained an article entitled "Students of Left Set Up Colleges." This article indicated that a number of "Counter-Universities" or "Anti-Universities" have been established in various cities throughout the United States like the FUNY. The article mentioned that these institutions vary in many ways. Some are operated under the auspices of a specific organization belonging to the so-called "New Left," however, others, like the FUNY say they are independent of any organization and try to offer courses of a broader cultural orientation.

The Winter, 1966 Catalog of the FUNY contains a list of 42 courses offered ranging from discussions of various radical movements and revolutions, classes on Marxism, labor movements, racial prejudices, sex and hallucinogenic drugs.

APPENDIX

1.

"NATIONAL GUARDIAN"

The "Guide to Subversive Organizations and Publications," revised and published as of December 1, 1961, prepared and released by the Committee on Un-American Activities, United States House of Representatives, Washington, D.C., contains the following concerning the "National Guardian":

"NATIONAL GUARDIAN

- "1. 'established by the American Labor Party in 1947 as a "progressive" weekly * * *. Although it denies having any affiliation with the Communist Party, it has manifested itself from the beginning as a virtual official propaganda arm of Soviet Russia.' (Committee on Un-American Activities, Report, Trial by Treason: The National Committee to Secure Justice for the ROSENBERGs and MORTON SOBELL, August 25, 1956, p. 12.)"

NY 100 116175

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

1.

APPENDIX

W. E. B. DU BOIS CLUBS OF AMERICA (DCA)

A source has advised that on October 26-27, 1963, a conference of members of the Communist Party (CP), including national functionaries, met in Chicago, Illinois, for the purpose of setting in motion forces for the establishment of a new national Marxist-oriented youth organization which would hunt for the most peaceful transition to socialism. The delegates were told that it would be reasonable to assume that the young socialists attracted into this new organization would eventually pass into the CP itself.

A second source has advised that the founding convention for the new youth organization was held from June 19-21, 1964, at 150 Golden Gate Avenue, San Francisco, California, at which time the name W.E.B. DuBois Clubs of America (DCA) was adopted. Approximately 500 delegates from throughout the United States attended this convention. The aims of this organization, as set forth in the preamble to the constitution, are: "It is our belief that this nation can best solve its problems in an atmosphere of peaceful coexistence, complete disarmament and true freedom for all peoples of the world, and that these solutions will be reached mainly through the united efforts of all democratic elements in our country, composed essentially of the working people allied in the unity of Negroes and other minorities with whites. We further fully recognize that the greatest threat to American democracy comes from the racist and right wing forces in coalition with the most reactionary sections of the economic power structure, using the tool of anti-Communism to divide and destroy the unified struggle of the working people."

Over the Labor Day weekend, 1965, the DCA held a conference in Chicago, Illinois, and a new slate of officers was elected to the National Executive Committee (NEC) of the DCA. Since Labor Day, 1965, identities of those serving on the NEC has varied; however, according to a third source as of May, 1966, thirteen of the fifteen members of the NEC were members of the CP in the San Francisco Bay area.

As of July, 1966, the headquarters of the DCA was located at 180 North Wacker Drive, Chicago, Illinois.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

New York, New York

October 13, 1966

In Reply, Please Refer to.

File No. NY 100-116175
Bufile 62-100839

Title Eugene Dominick Genovese

Character

Security Matter -

Reference

Progressive Labor Party

is made to the report of
Special Agent [REDACTED][REDACTED] dated and captioned
as above, at New York.b6
b7c

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

CV
10-18

CC TO: [REDACTED]
REQ. REC'D 9/11/67
SEP 19 1967
ANS.
BY: CFB CMZ

b7D

The sources used in this memorandum are as follows:

b6
b7C
b7D

end London - Paris
Copy to: _____
by routing slip for _____
☒ info ☐ action
date 11-28-66
by ERS/can

AT WASHINGTON, D.C. Will check passport records Department of State for information concerning subject and furnish information to Bureau and New York in a form suitable for dissemination.

This LHM is classified "~~Confidential~~" because of data reported from the first and third source, the unauthorized disclosure of which could reasonably result in the identification of these sources and be injurious to the national defense.

RÈC 40

62-100839-

43

OCT 18 1966

ENCLOSURE

2 - Bureau (Encls. 20) (RM)
2 - Washington Field (Encls. 2) (RM)
1 - New York ✓

JEF: mg

OCT 21 1953

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

SEE BEVERLY H. BROWN
AND DISCUSS





320

62-10837-43
ENCLOSURE

ENCLOSURES (10) TO BUR.7AU

Bureau 62-100839
New York 100-116175

62-100839-43



EUGENE D. GENOVESE

(probably taken about 1955)
100-116175-163

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (62-100839)

DATE: 11/10/66

FROM : SAC, WFO (100-46071) (RUC)

SUBJECT: EUGENE DOMINICK GENOVESE
SM - PLP
(OO:NY)

ReNYlet to Bureau 10/17/66.

Enclosed for the Bureau and New York are fourteen and two copies, respectively, of an LHM setting forth the results of a review of the files of the Passport Office, U. S. Department of State, by IC [REDACTED]

Copies of the photo appearing on the passport application will be forwarded to New York by routing slip when processed.

Copy to [REDACTED] - London
by routing slip for Paris
☒ info ☐ action Rome
date 11-24-66 Bonn
by FRS/csm

REC-39 EX-103
ENCLOSURE 62-100839-44

- ② - Bureau (Enc. 14)
- 2 - New York (100-116175) (Enc. 2) (RM)
- 1 - WFO

TCN:kss
(5)

NOV 14 1966

SUBV. CONTROL



NOV 29 1966

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan



In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Washington, D.C. 20535
November 10, 1966

EUGENE DOMINICK GENOVESE

The files of the Passport Office, United States Department of State, were reviewed on November 1, 1966, by a representative of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, and disclosed the following information:

On April 5, 1966, at New York, New York, the captioned individual was issued passport G 288718 for proposed travel of one month to England, France, and Italy for the purpose of research. He indicated on the passport application, dated April 5, 1966, at New York, that he would depart on May 31, 1966, by air.

This passport is valid for travel to all countries except Albania, Cuba, and those portions of China, Korea, and Vietnam under communist control. The passport will expire on April 4, 1969, and may be renewed for two years.

1428 77th St. Brooklyn
Genovese stated that he was born on May 19, 1930, at Brooklyn, New York. He listed his permanent residence as 331 West 11th Street, New York, New York, and gave his occupation as teacher. He listed his father as Dominick Genovese, born 1893 in New York, and his mother as Lena Genovese Chimenti, born 1898 in New York. He stated that he was last married on January 31, 1964, to Frances Parrillo, born 1938 at Bloomfield, New Jersey. This marriage has not terminated. In event of death or accident, he requested that his father be notified at 1428 77th Street, Brooklyn, New York.

The following description was taken from the passport application:

Height:
Hair:
Eyes:

5 feet 10 inches
Brown
Brown

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

62-100839-44
ENCLOSURE


UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum


CF 1-4

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI(62-100839)

FROM : SAC, NEW YORK(100-116175)(C)


SUBJECT:  EUGENE DOMINICK GENOVESE
SM # PLP
(OO:NY)

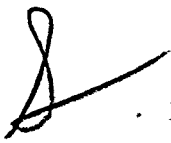
DATE: 12/28/66

Re NY report of SA 
10/13/66, NYlet to Bureau 10/17/66 with enclosed
LHM, and WFOlet to Bureau 11/10/66.

b6
b7c

In view of the fact that the NYO is in receipt of information furnished by the WFO, recieved from a review of the files of the Passport office, U.S. Department of State, Washington, D.C., regarding subjects foreign travel, this case is being placed in a closed status and the information will included in the next annual report.

 The information received from WFO was compared with information contained in subject's case file and no additional investigation or leads were indicated or anything warranting the submission of a report.



EX-108

REC 26

62-100839-45

- ② - Bureau (RM)
- 1 - New York

WCK:wk
(3)

18 DEC 30 1966

SUBV. CONTROL

JAN 5 1967



5010-108

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI(62-100839)

FROM : SAC, NEW YORK(100-116175)(C)

SUBJECT: EUGENE DOMINICK GENOVESE
SM-PLP
(OO:NY)

DATE: 4/19/67

9/18/67

0-1(2) let
rgm

0-1 NY 9-14
let wls 9-29
283

This case was opened in order to verify information which appeared in the 3/1/67 final edition of of the "Star Ledger", a Newark, New Jersey daily newspaper.

The article, which was captioned "Prof. Genovese may quit Rutgers", set forth that the subject had reportedly accepted a teaching post at Sir George Williams University in Montreal, Canada.

On 4/19/67, [redacted]

[redacted] New York City, advised the subject continues to reside at this address. She further advised that he will continue to reside at this address until August 1st and that he has accepted a teaching position at the above school.

b6
b7C

In view of the above, this case is being placed in a closed status and will be reopened to determine subject's new residence when he moves to Canada.

EX-103

REC 5

62-100839-46

1 APR 20 1967

10 2-Bureau (RM)
1-New York

SUBV. CONTROL

WCK:wk

54 APR 26 1967

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan



O'NEAL

6118 IB

SEARCH SLIP

Subj:

Venovese, Eca D.

R#

R30

Date

2/16

Searcher
Number

218

Prod:

57

FEB 23 1967

FILE NUMBER

FEB 20 1967
SERIAL

7LTD 62-100832 BR 10-13-66

62-100839 =

100-3-114-972²

100-3-25-2285 p90, 92

100-439977-24

100-444683-1 ep2

Engine

100-423519-67

100-35372-262

NUMEROUS REFERENCE

SEARCH SLIP

Subj: Lenore, Eugene D.

Supervisor _____

Room _____

R# 70Date 2/16Searcher Initial 218Prod. 6

FILE NUMBER

SERIAL

Eugene (cont)100-446748-1100-374534-29100-394776-31100-436210-5100-433480-28 p461-7582-5899 ep1226100-444237-11 p22, 23100-425741-33See on file not listed

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

REPORTING OFFICE NEW YORK	OFFICE OF ORIGIN NEW YORK	DATE 10/30/67	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD 7/21 - 10/10/67
TITLE OF CASE EUGENE DOMINICK GENOVESE		REPORT MADE BY WILLIAM C. LASH	TYPED BY na
		CHARACTER OF CASE SM - PLP	

REFERENCE

NY report of SA [redacted] 10/13/66.
NYlet to Bureau, 9/26/67.

ADMINISTRATIVE

-P-

No characterization or SSC was set forth in this report as no Bureau characterization is available.

A copy of this report has been designated for the Newark office inasmuch as the subject was employed in an area covered by Newark and Newark has conducted previous investigation. An extra copy of this report has been designated for the Bureau for dissemination to appropriate Legat in the event this is desirable.

ACCOMPLISHMENTS CLAIMED						ACQUIT-TALS	CASE HAS BEEN: PENDING OVER ONE YEAR <input type="checkbox"/> YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO PENDING PROSECUTION OVER SIX MONTHS <input type="checkbox"/> YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO
CONVIC.	AUTO.	FUG.	FINES	SAVINGS	RECOVERIES		

APPROVED COPIES MADE: 5 - Bureau (62-100839) (RM) 1 - Secret Service, New York City (RM) 1 - Newark (100-47478) (INFO) (RM) 3 - New York (100-116175)	SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE <div style="text-align: right;">DO NOT WRITE IN SPACES BELOW</div> <div style="font-size: 2em; font-weight: bold;">62-100839-48</div> <div style="text-align: right; font-weight: bold;">REC-71</div> <div style="text-align: right; font-weight: bold;">EX 106</div> <div style="text-align: center;">OCT 31 1967</div>
--	---

Dissemination Record of Attached Report				Notations	
Agency	Request Recd.	Date Fwd.	How Fwd.	By	
Adm. Serv.		11-6-67		Ed	AEH

By: *Curry*
57 NOV 7 1967

(COVER PAGE)

b6
b7c

NY 100-116175

Informant

File

NY T-1

[REDACTED]

b7D

NY T-2

100-116175-253

b6

b7C

b7D

[REDACTED]
Washington, D.C.

NY T-3

[REDACTED]

b7D

[REDACTED]
The following NY informants, who are familiar with various phases of PLP activity in the NYC area, were contacted during September and October, 1967, and were unable to furnish any additional unreported pertinent information regarding the subject;

b7D

[REDACTED]

LEAD

NEW YORK

AT NEW YORK, NEW YORK Will await results of information requested of Legat, Canada, regarding subject's current residence and employment and will thereupon place this case in a closed status.

NY 100-116175

1. ☒ Subject's name is included in the Security Index.
2. ☐ The data appearing on the Security Index card are current.
3. ☒ Changes on the Security Index card are necessary and Form FD-122 has been submitted to the Bureau.
4. ☒ A suitable photograph ☒ is ☐ is not available.
Date photograph was taken 1955.
5. ☐ Subject is employed in a key facility and _____ is charged with security responsibility. Interested agencies are _____.
6. ☒ This report is classified ~~Confidential~~ because (state reason) It contains information furnished by NY T-1 and NY T-3, the unauthorized disclosure of which could result in the identification of these sources of continuing value, thereby hampering their future effectiveness, and this would be injurious to the National defense interests.
7. ☒ Subject previously interviewed (dates) 10/15/54, 5/23/54
☒ Subject was not reinterviewed because (state reason)
Subject was completely uncooperative when interviewed on the above dates and is a school teacher. Also subject's current residence and employment are unverified.
8. ☐ This case no longer meets the Security Index criteria and a letter has been directed to the Bureau recommending cancellation of the Security Index card.
9. ☒ This case has been re-evaluated in the light of the Security Index criteria and it continues to fall within such criteria because (state reason) Because of subject's close association with MILTON ROSEN, Chairman of PLP, his long history of CP affiliation and his former position on the editorial board of the PLP publication "Marxist - Leninist Quarterly".
10. ☒ Subject's SI card ☐ is ☒ is not tabbed Detcom.
☐ Subject's activities warrant Detcom tabbing because (state reasons)

- C*-
(COVER PAGE)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Copy to: 1 - Secret Service, New York City

Report of: WILLIAM C. KASH
Date: 10/30/67

Office: New York, New York

Field Office File #: 100-116175

Bureau File #: 62-100839

Title: EUGENE DOMINICK GENOVESE

Character: SECURITY MATTER - PROGRESSIVE
LABOR PARTY

Synopsis: Subject reportedly residing in Canada and employed as a college professor in Canada. Subject affiliated with SSC, DUI and other miscellaneous information set forth.

-P-

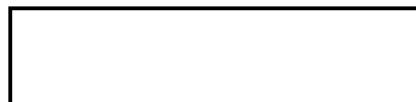
DETAILS:

I. BACKGROUND

A. Residence

The subject previously resided at 331 West 11th Street, New York, New York, but, as of September 1967, he no longer resides at this address having moved to Canada.

His residence in Canada is unknown.



New York, New York
September 12, 1967

b6
b7C

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~GROUP 1
Excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification~~

NY 100-116175

B. Employment

Professor EUGENE GENOVESE, on March 1, 1967, announced that he was resigning from his position at Rutgers University, New Brunswick, and that he had accepted a teaching position at Sir George Williams University in Montreal, Canada. His resignation was to be effective as of July, 1967.

"The Star Ledger"
Final edition
Page 17
March 2, 1967

During 1967, the subject was employed as a Professor at Rutgers University, New Brunswick, New Jersey.

He has reportedly accepted a new teaching position at Sir George Williams University, Montreal, Canada, beginning in September, 1967.

[REDACTED]
New York, New York
September 12, 1967

b6
b7C

II. AFFILIATION WITH SOCIALISTS SCHOLARS CONFERENCE

The subject attended the Second Annual Socialists Scholars Conference (SSC) held at the Hotel Commodore, New York City, September 9 and September 11, 1966.

NY T-1
October 6, 1967

Information was made available which disclosed that the subject as of January 23, 1967, was chairman of the SSC Steering Committee in 1967.

NY T-2. [REDACTED]
[REDACTED]

January 31, 1967

b7D

NY 100-116175

III. AFFILIATION WITH DISCUSSIONS UNLIMITED, INCORPORATED (DUI)

A characterization of DUI appears in the appendix.

The subject spoke on December 2, 1966, at a DUI meeting held at Los Angeles Trade College, Washington Boulevard, Los Angeles, California. He said that world peace today is not being threatened by the "socialist world", but by the "imperialist camp". He stated that he had read the program of the communist party. While he disagreed with the communist party in most parts, he still felt that it was the only political group in the United States that put forth a prospective of its plans.

NY T-3
December 9, 1966

IV. PASSPORT INFORMATION

The files of the Passport Office, United States Department of State, were reviewed. A file for the subject disclosed that he was issued United States Passport number G288718, on April 5, 1966, for proposed trip to England, France, and Italy, for the purpose of research. This passport is valid for travel to all countries except Albania, Cuba, and China, Korea, and Vietnam. The passport expires on April 4, 1969, and may be renewed for 2 years.

Files of United States
Passport Office,
Department of State
November 1, 1966
(reviewed by IC [redacted]
[redacted])

b6
b7c

V. MISCELLANEOUS

On May 13, 1966, the Rutgers University Board of Governors declined to take administrative action against GENOVESE who previously had publically expressed his desire for a Viet Cong victory in the Vietnam war. He made such remarks at a Rutgers University "teach-in" approximately

NY 100-116175

6 months previously and a year ago he uttered a similar view. The Board of Governors found GENOVESE's views offensive and disagreed strongly but stated "in accordance with the American principal of academic freedom and civil liberty his statement did not constitute grounds for dismissal from Rutgers University."

"The Star Ledger"
Newark, New Jersey
Daily Newspaper
Final edition
Page 1
May 14, 1966

Several New York informants who are familiar with various phases of Frogressive Labor Party activities in the New York City area were contacted during September and October, 1967, and were unable to furnish any pertinent unreported information regarding the subject.

The records of the Bureau of Special Service (BSS) New York City Police Department disclosed no information regarding the subject.

Detective [redacted]
[redacted] New York City Police
Department
October 10, 1967

b6
b7c

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

1

APPENDIX

DISCUSSION UNLIMITED, INC.

Records of the Division of Corporations, California State Department of Investments, Los Angeles, California, indicate that Discussion Unlimited filed its Articles of Incorporation as a nonprofit corporation, with the Secretary of State, Sacramento, California, on or about June 4, 1963, noting its principal site of office as Los Angeles County, California. The aims and purposes of the organization, as listed in the Articles of Incorporation, are "...to promote full and open discussion on our society and problems".

A source advised on May 8, 1963, that Discussion Unlimited, Inc. actually was originated in Los Angeles, California, in May, 1962, and was composed largely of a number of present and former Communist Party members who assist in staging panel forums and in promoting such events. Original coordinator of the group was [REDACTED], who in 1961, was [REDACTED] of the Southern California District Communist Party.

b6
b7C

This source was recontacted on April 9, 1965, and indicated that the basic concept of Discussion Unlimited, Inc. has not changed. It continues to present "left ideas" to at least partially non-committed audiences. It proposes to develop special activities around various issues on an irregular basis. It is not a membership organization, and does not hold regular meetings as such, but rather is strictly a forum-type organization.

On May 10, 1966, another source reported that Discussion Unlimited, Inc. continues to operate as a forum-type organization.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

APPENDIX

XERO COPY

XERO COPY



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

*In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.*

New York, New York
October 30, 1967

Bufile 62-100839
NYfile 100-116175

Eugene Dominick Genovese

Security Matter - Progressive
Labor Party

is made to New York report
of Special Agent William C. Kash, dated and captioned as
above.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Director, FBI (Bufile- 62-100839) DATE: 10/25/67

FROM : *gfm*
swc SAC, New York (100-116175) (P)

old
58
SUBJECT: EUGENE DOMINICK GENOVESE
SM-PLP
(OO:NY)

Cards UTD
Cards Sent 00
11/1/67
HW

Re: _____

☐ It is recommended that a Security Index Card be prepared on the above-captioned individual.

☒ The Security Index Card on the captioned individual should be changed as follows (*specify change only*):

Name				
Aliases				
<input type="checkbox"/> Native Born <input type="checkbox"/> Naturalized <input type="checkbox"/> Alien				
<input type="checkbox"/> Communist <input type="checkbox"/> Socialist Workers Party <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Miscellaneous (<i>specify</i>) <u>VERIFICATION PENDING</u>				
<input type="checkbox"/> Tab for Detcom	Date of birth	Place of birth	Race	Sex <input type="checkbox"/> Male <input type="checkbox"/> Female
Business Address (<i>show name of employing concern and address</i>) Unknown				
Key Facility Data Geographical Reference Number _____ Responsibility _____ Interested Agencies _____				
Residence Address Unknown				

REGISTERED MAIL

2-Bureau
1-New York
WCK:gme
(3)

ENCLOSURE DETACHED
AND HANDLED SEPARATELY

70 NOV 3 1967

NOT RECORDED

12 OCT 26 1967

INT. SEC.

M. E. ROW



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
New York, New York
October 25, 1967

In Reply, Please Refer to

File No. BUfile 62-100839
NYfile 100-116175

SUBJECT: EUGENE DOMINICK GENOVESE

REFERENCE: MEMORANDUM 10/13/66

Referenced communication contained subject's residence and/or employment address. A recent change has been determined and is being set forth below (change only specified):

Residence: Unknown

Employment: Unknown

REC-51 10 15 AM '67
FBI NEW YORK
VIA AIR MAIL

62-100839-
NOT RECORDED
12 OCT 26 1967

FD-122 DETACHED

ice leader
10/30/67 by R/S
Tgm/dec

INT/SEC.

59 NOV 1 1967

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Director, FBI (62-100839) DATE: October 11, 1967

FROM : Legal Attache, OTTAWA (100-1605) (P)

SUBJECT: EUGENE DOMINICK GENOVESE
SM-PLP
OO: NEW YORK

Reference: New York LHM - 9/26/67.

Dissemination, as outlined below, was made on dates indicated to foreign agencies listed.

☒ three copies of re LHM

☐ Pertinent information from

Name and Location of Agency

Date Furnished

☐ OTTAWA, CANADA

10/11/67

b7D

12 3 Bureau
(1 - Liaison Section)
1-OTT
MLI:jl
(4)

53 OCT 18 1967

62-100839-
NOT RECORDED
3 OCT 16 1967
17

RECEIVED
INT. SEC.

Date: 11/27/67

To: Director, FBI

(Bufile : 62-100839)

Attention :

(100-1605)

From: Legal Attache, Ottawa

<p>Title</p> <p>EUGENE DOMINICK GENOVESE</p> <p>OO: New York</p>	<p>Character</p> <p>SM-PLP</p> <p>Reference</p> <p>New York letter - 9/26/67.</p>
--	---

Enclosed are the following communications received from [redacted]
Original and two copies [redacted] letter 11/22/67.

Remarks:

Dissemination

- ☐ May be made as received
- ☐ May be made as indicated by stamp on enclosure
- ☐ May not be made without further clearance [redacted]

Following offices would be interested in receiving copies of enclosures:

New York (100-116175)

Status with this office:

- ☒ RUC
- ☐ Pending
- 3 - Bureau (Encs.-3)
- 1 - New York

ENCLOSURE

MLI:jl
(3)

59 DEC 8 1967

Do not write in space below	
62	100839-419
12 DEC 1 1967	
INT SEC	

b7D

33

b7D

Date: 12/12/67

To: Director, FBI

(Bufile : 62-100839)

Attention : _____

From: Legal Attache, Ottawa

(100-1605)

BH

Title EUGENE DOMINICK GENOVESE <i>Eugene D Genovese</i> OO - NY	Character SM - PLP Reference My r/s 11/27/67.
--	--

Enclosed are the following communications received from []

b7D

Three copies [] letter 12/5/67 and four copies clipping
 from Montreal "Gazette."

Remarks:

For information.

Dissemination

- ☒ May be made as received
☐ May be made as indicated by stamp on enclosure
☐ May not be made without further clearance []

EXP. PROC. 39

b7D

Following offices would be interested in receiving copies of enclosures:

New York

Status with this office:

- ☒ RUC
☐ Pending

3 - Bureau (Enc-7)
 1 - New York (100-116175)

MLI/vmm
 (3)

57 JAN 3 1968

See to NY for act
12/19/67 by R/S
1/1/68

Do not write in space below	
62-100839-50	REC-265
14 DEC 15 1967	EX-108

62-100839-50

ENCLOSURE

Prof. Genovese Now Teaching Here, His Life Is Quiet, And He Still Believes

By Philip Winslow
Gazette Staff Reporter

Two years ago a Rutgers University professor became the centre of a bitter political storm following a pro-Viet Cong statement he made at a campus teach-in.

Eugene D. Genovese, Ph.D., professor of American history, professed Marxist and Socialist, and former member of the American Communist Party, thus became the focal point of the turbulent 1965 New Jersey gubernatorial election.

There had been a teach-in at Rutgers in April that year, and, said Genovese, "... in the course of my remarks I said I was a Marxist and a Socialist ... and said therefore that I would welcome a Viet Cong victory in Vietnam."

This, he points out, was prior to full commitment of U.S. troops as a main fighting force there, and his reference was to a political victory by the National Liberation Front.

He felt at the time, and feels today, that a Communist regime would be best for Vietnam.

Rutgers, though it did not fire Genovese, made life uncomfortable for him, and he resigned in the spring of 1966. After receiving offers from several top U.S. universities, Genovese accepted a position in the History Department of Sir George Williams University in Montreal, and began teaching here this autumn.

In a series of exclusive interviews recently, Professor Genovese talked about himself, his career and his political views.

The 37-year-old Genovese was born and raised in Brooklyn, N.Y., by Italian-American parents. Politically, he became active early.

"I came from a working-class family," he said. "My father was very class-conscious, but was not a radical."

At 15, he met "some people who were Communists, and sort of floated in."

Believing the fundamentals of Marx to be sound, he worked as an organizer in a Communist youth movement and eventually joined the American Communist Party.

In 1950, when he had just turned 20, Genovese was expelled from the party

over policy differences. "I zigged when I should have zagged," he says with a wry smile.

But the expulsion dealt a traumatic blow to the young Genovese. He says that the experience was similar to that of a religious person who has been excommuni-

cated from the church. "I felt cut off completely."

"I have never really been close to repudiation of my basic commitments."

cated from the church. "I felt cut off completely."

But the setback in no way diminished his interest in Marxism. "I have never really been close to repudiation of my basic commitments."

Genovese has never attempted to conceal his political views. When he went to Rutgers he saw to it that the university was informed of his background.

"Rutgers' position," he said, "was that they were interested in me as a scholar and teacher and weren't interested in my politics."

But Genovese's statement at the campus teach-in and the ensuing uproar did more than spark a controversy over academic freedom.

The Republican nominee for governor that year, N.J. Senator Wayne Dumont, made the incident his campaign issue.

"The university refused to fire me," Genovese says, "and Governor Hughes sup-

ported the position of the university to determine who should and who should not be on their faculty."

Hughes won re-election by a record margin. And this proved, Genovese says,

fact that it was in Canada I wasn't particularly happy about leaving the United States, you know, it's what you've got like family ... however, the offer at Sir George was



(Photo: Philip Winslow)

that "unlike ten years before, it wasn't possible to panic the electorate with a Communist scare."

Fifteen years ago, Rutgers dismissed three professors for alleged associations with the Communist Party.

Genovese then offered to resign from Rutgers, he said, if the university felt its best interests would be served and as long as there were no personal attacks on him.

"They assured me they wanted me to remain ... but as soon as the heat was off, they started putting the squeeze on me ... in the areas of salary and promotion."

"I think they were surprised when I resigned ... they did respect me as a scholar and teacher."

Genovese emphasizes that he did not leave the U.S. under pressure. "The reason I came to Sir George had nothing to do with the

very good."

Prof. Genovese sees his most important role as being a good historian.

"The socialist movement has everything to gain from a rigorous search for historical truth."

He has what he calls "a strong aversion to present-mindedness in history" and has sharp criticism for young radical teachers who see themselves in a proselytizing role. "I have a very strong aversion to using the classroom as a pulpit. Not that I never express my political beliefs in class. I do ... but only when relevant."

He also criticizes advocates of the New Left who feed their romanticism rather than their critical ability and scorns the fervent, would-be revolutionaries who "have no cre-

dentials as fighters beyond the use of their ever-active mouths."

Western society today is not beset by a sense of revolutionary crisis, and this fact rules out for the present the hopes for a direct confrontation between the bourgeois state and socialism, Genovese says. "Therefore, Western socialists must reorganize in order to effect a structural transformation of society from within," he said.

"Capitalism has stabilized itself in the West, and western countries will have to be transformed less dramatically," he adds.

"I do hope that in the next few years a serious socialist movement will emerge in the U.S.," he says, wistfully, "... but right now there's nothing."

Dispensing with the American Communist Party as being "a fossil" he said "It has become basically a liberal reform movement ... it's lost its vigor and has a minimum of political and intellectual integrity ... there's no talent left in the party. Its structure has become too bureaucratic to permit a positive development."

About increasing American activity in Thailand and other Asian countries, Prof. Genovese says, "The U.S. is going to pursue this kind of aggression everywhere ... we (Americans) can cause a great deal of bloodshed in the next 50 or 60 years."

"Time is on our side," he says of world socialism. "The most reasonable expectation ... is for the gradual rollback of imperialist control ... not by slow evolution but by fits and jerks ..."

Socialism, while not a

panacea to the world's difficulties, "creates favorable conditions for the solution of problems."

Eugene Genovese, meanwhile, pursues his role as an educator. He is delighted with Sir George and his teaching appointment here, and plans to remain in Canada "as long as it is profitable and pleasant to do so."

Does he anticipate any trouble here, or anything resembling the Rutgers ruckus?

"Anticipate?" he smiled. "I never anticipate anything, ... and nothing surprises me. So far, so good."

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (62-100839)

DATE: AUG 26 1968

FROM : SAC, NEW YORK (100-116175) (P)

SUBJECT: EUGENE DOMINICK GENOVESE
SM - PLP

Re New York letter to Bureau with enclosed LHM,
dated 9/26/67; Legat, Ottawa letter to Bureau, 11/27/67.

Enclosed for the Bureau are the original and six
copies of an LHM dated and captioned as above. It is re-
quested that the Bureau forward necessary copies of this com-
munication with LHM to appropriate Legat, and Legat determine
subject's current employment and residence.

This LHM is classified "~~Confidential~~" because it
contains information furnished by [redacted]

[redacted] a confidential
source abroad.

Copy to Legat: Ottawa
by routing slip for (1 LHM, 5 LHM)
☐ info ☒ action
date 9/3/68
by JAW/fu

AGENCY BAC (150)

DATE FORW. 9/3/68
HOW FORW. AS
BY JAW/fu

EX-102

REC-20

62-100839-51

6 AUG 28 1968

3 - Bureau (Encls. 7) (RM)
1 - New York

WCK:pm
(4)



59 SEP 4-1968

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

b6
b7C
b7D



~~CONFIDENTIAL~~
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

New York, New York

August 26, 1968

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Bufile 62-100839
New York 100-116175

Eugene Dominick Genovese
Security Matter - Progressive Labor Party

Reference is made to memorandum dated September 26, 1967, and captioned as above.

On November 22, 1967, a confidential source abroad made available information which disclosed that Genovese was employed as a Professor of History at Sir George Williams University, Montreal, Canada, and that he resided at 2050 De Maisonneuve Boulevard, West, Montreal, Canada.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~
~~GROUP I~~

~~Excluded from
automatic downgrading
and declassification~~

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

-1*-

CLOSURE

62-100839-51

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI(62-100839)

FROM : SAC, NEW YORK(100-116175)(P)

SUBJECT: EUGENE DOMINICK GENOVESEE
SM- PLP

DATE: 11/18/68

Re NYrep 10/30/67 and NYlet to Bureau 8/26/68.

This letter is submitted in lieu of a report inasmuch as no pertinent data has been developed since date of referenced report. FD-305 attached.

Residence and Employment

The subject, as of 11/22/67, resided at 2050 De Maisonnueve Boulevard, West, Montreal, Canada, and was employed as a Professor of History at Sir George Williams University, Montreal, Canada. This information was furnished by [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] a confidential source abroad.

b6
b7C
b7D

Informants

The following NY informants, who are familiar with various phases of PLP activity in the NYC area, were contacted during September and October, 1968, and were unable to furnish any information regarding the subject:

[REDACTED] former)

b7D

Miscellaneous

On 10/31/68, Det. [REDACTED], Bureau of Special Services, NYCPD, advised records of his office disclose no additional information regarding the subject.

b6
b7C

REC-57

62-100839-52

2 - Bureau (RM)
1 - New York

25 NOV 20 1968

WCK:wk
(3)

NAT. INT. SEC.



329

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

The indices of the NYO have disclosed no unreported pertinent information regarding the subject.

A review of subject's case file has disclosed that [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] made available information on 12/5/67, which disclosed that an article appearing in the Nov. 24, 1967, issue of the "Montreal Gazette", set forth that subject stated that his previous views had not changed and that he advocates a socialist society. There was no indication of subversive activity by the subject.

LEAD

NYO is awaiting current verification of subject's residence and employment by Legat, Ottawa.

b6
b7C
b7D

NY 100-11605

1. ☒ Subject's name is included in the Security Index.
2. ☒ The data appearing on the Security Index card are current.
3. ☐ Changes on the Security Index card are necessary and Form FD-122 has been submitted to the Bureau.
4. ☒ A suitable photograph ☐ is ☐ is not available.
Date photograph was taken _____.
5. ☐ Subject is employed in a key facility and _____ is charged with security responsibility. Interested agencies are _____.
6. ☐ This report is classified _____ because
(state reason)
7. ☐ Subject previously interviewed (dates) 10/15/54, 5/23/54
☐ Subject was not reinterviewed because (state reason)
He is not residing in the United States
8. ☐ This case no longer meets the Security Index criteria and a letter has been directed to the Bureau recommending cancellation of the Security Index card.
9. ☒ This case has been re-evaluated in the light of the Security Index criteria and it continues to fall within such criteria because
(state reason)
Because of his long history of CP affiliation, his former position on the editorial board of the PLP publication, "Marxist-Leninist Quarterly" and his previous calling for a Viet Cong victory.
10. ☒ Subject's SI card ☐ is ☒ is not tabbed Detcom.
☐ Subject's activities warrant Detcom tabbing because (state reasons)

Date: 11-29-68

To: Director, FBI

(Bufile : 62-100839)

Attention : _____

From: Légal Attache, Ottawa

(100-1605)

Title EUGENE DOMINICK GENOVESE (OO: NY)	Character SM - PLP <hr/> Reference New York letter 8-26-68.
---	--

Enclosed are the following communications received from [] Original and
 two copies of [] letter dated 11-25-68.

Remarks:

Dissemination

- ☐ May be made as received
☐ May be made as indicated by stamp on enclosure.
☐ May not be made without further clearance []

Following offices would be interested in receiving copies of enclosures:

New York (100-116175)

Status with this office:

- ☒ RUC
☐ Pending
 3 - Bureau (1 cc - New York)
 (Enc. 3)

MLI:jh

(3)

54 DEC 1 1968

Do not write in space below		REC 82
62-100839-53	DEC 5 1968	
DEC 5 1968	DEC 2 1968	
REC'D DOM INTELL DIA	NAT. INT. SEC.	

b7D

b7D

Legat, Ottawa (100-1605)

12/19/68

REC-64
Director, FBI (62-100839) 34

1 - Mr. Wagoner

EUGENE DOMINICK GENOVESE
SM - PLP

ReOTTlet 12/10/68 and its enclosed [] let dated 12/6/68, single copies enclosed for New York.

b7D

Ottawa is authorized to advise [] that information set forth in New York letterhead memoranda dated 10/17/66 and 9/26/67 which concerned the subject may be disseminated to the Deputy Minister of the Department of Manpower and Immigration, provided the data is paraphrased []

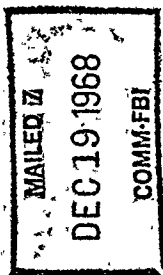
- 1 - New York (Enclosures - 2) (100-116175)
- 1 - Foreign Liaison Unit (Route through for review)

JRW:er
(6)

NOTE:

Subject is on the Security Index because of his long history of Communist Party affiliation and his more recent position on the editorial board of the Progressive Labor Party publication. He was formerly a teacher at Rutgers University, New Brunswick, New Jersey; however, in 6/67 he accepted a teaching position at Sir George Williams University in Montreal, Canada. We previously furnished information [] concerning subject's background in the Communist Party and Communist Party front groups, as well as the PLP. Subject is presently under investigation by the Canadian Department of Manpower and Immigration because of his residence in Canada and [] has requested authority to pass the information previously furnished it to this Department suitably paraphrased. The passage of this information will not jeopardize any Bureau informants or investigations.

b7D



REC'D FBI ROOM

RDE/p

Wagoner

- Tolson
- DeLoach
- Mohr
- Bishop
- Casper
- Callahan
- Conrad
- Felt
- Gale
- Rosen
- Sullivan
- Tavel
- Trotter
- Tele. Room
- Holmes
- Gandy

29
DEC 30 1968
MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT []

Date: 12-10-68

To: Director, FBI

(Bufile : 62-100839)

Attention : _____

From: Legal Attache, Ottawa

(100-1605)

Title EUGENE DOMINICK GENOVÈSE (OO: NY)	Character SM - PLP Reference LHM dated 9-26-67, at New York City.
---	---

Enclosed are the following communications received from [] Original and two
 copies of [] letter dated 12-6-68.

Remarks:

The Ottawa Office is not in possession of New York communication
 of 10-17-66, in this matter.

Note [] request and advise.

Dissemination

- ☐ May be made as received
☐ May be made as indicated by stamp on enclosure
☐ May not be made without further clearance []

Following offices would be interested in receiving copies of enclosures:

New York (100-116175)

Status with this office:

- ☐ RUC
☒ Pending
 3 - Bureau (1 cc - New York)
 (Enc. 3)

MBJ:jhc

Do not write in space below		
62-	100839-	54
13 DEC 12 1968 NAT. INT. SEC.		EX-111 REC-64

b7D

b7D

let to OTT
 1- NY (2 encls)
 TRW:aw
 12/17/68

Date: 1-17-69

NOT

To: Director, FBI

(Bufile : 62-100839)

Attention : _____

From: Legal Attache, Ottawa

(100-1605)

Title EUGENE DOMINICK GENOVESE (OO: NY)	Character SM - PLP Reference Ottawa R/S 11-29-68.
---	---

Enclosed are the following communications received from []: Original and two copies of [] letter dated 1-13-69, together with four copies of each of four clippings enclosed therewith.

b7D

Remarks:

NY (2 lett, 2 cc's [] (lett 1-13-69), 2 cc's ENCLOSURES)
 NH (1 lett, 1 Xerox, 1 lett, 2 Xeroxes [] (lett 1-13-69), 1 cc ENCLOSURES, 1 Xerox ENCLOSURES)
 * Copy to _____
 by routing slip for
☐ info ☒ action
 date 1-30-69
 by JRW/fur

* NOTE: SUBJECT IS ON SECURITY INDEX.
 THROUGH ESTABLISHED SOURCES, NEW HAVEN
 SHOULD VERIFY HIS WHEREABOUTS AND
 ADVISE NEW YORK.

Dissemination

- ☐ May be made as received
☐ May be made as indicated by stamp on enclosure
☐ May not be made without further clearance []

b7D

Following offices would be interested in receiving copies of enclosures:

New York (100-116175)

New Haven

Status with this office:

- ☒ RUC
☐ Pending
 4 - Bureau (1 cc - New York;
 New Haven) (Enc 19)
 MLI:jhc
 (4)

54 FEB 12 1969

Do not write in space below			
62-	100839-	55	100-32
12 JAN 21 1969		30	
A.H.		LATIN-AMERICAN	

62-100839-58

CLIPPING TAKEN FROM

"THE GEORGIAN"

ISSUE OF 28-11-67

Fundamental Rationality of Imperialist Policy

Part I of the text of Prof Genovese's speech, delivered at Sir George. This part is an analysis of the Capitalist-Socialist world situation.

Part II deals primarily with the actions of certain members of the Sir George faculty and possible action of those wishing to change the power structure.

The war in Viet Nam has once again confronted the world with the spectre of nuclear war. With each new escalation the discredited and increasingly irrational Johnson administration brings itself closer to that fateful decision. This spectre raises three possibilities.

- (1) that there will be a general nuclear war between the socialist and capitalist camps;
- (2) that there will be limited wars with nuclear weapons and with as yet undetermined effects on the world balance of power; and
- (3) that there will be limited wars with conventional weapons only. The first possibility - that of a general nuclear war - raises long range problems. If such a war takes place - and it is certainly a possibility - we need not worry about our future. The other two possibilities are merely variations on the same theme, and together they constitute the overwhelming probability. Today, I do not wish to discuss the war in Viet Nam itself, but do wish to assess the significance of this and others likely to follow on the prospects for the socialist transformation of Western society. I therefore address myself primarily, but I hope not exclusively, to the leftwing of this campus.

To begin with, let me insist on the fundamental rationality of general imperialist policy, notwithstanding the increasing irrationality of Johnson's particular policy in Viet Nam. That policy is merely the continuation, under more complicated conditions, of the policy adopted toward the USSR after the Bolshevik Revolution. Its major thrust has been to force the socialist countries to divert their national resources from social and economic construction into a staggering arms race, which the United States alone can afford with some ease. Since the socialist countries have been poor and backward and have therefore had to engage in forced-march industrialization under painful conditions, this imperialist strategy has made great sense. In recent years it has been applied with special force to China. Despite all the absurd propaganda about Chinese aggressiveness, the fact remains that the United States has virtually been waging war on China for more than 20 years. The United States intervened in the Chinese civil war by sending troops to assist Chiang Kai Shek in Manchuria.

When Chiang's army collapsed, the United States detached Taiwan and has ever since protected the Kuomintang regime there. To do so, the United States had to repudiate the Cairo agreement, in which it solemnly promised to respect Chinese claims to Taiwan as part of the national territory. American arrogance on this question may be measured by the juxtaposition of two facts. On the one hand, the American press exults over, and the American airforce protects, periodic Kuomintang attacks on the mainland. On the other hand, Washington has said bluntly that any Communist attack on Taiwan, even in retaliation for such strikes, will be considered as an act of war on the United States. The United States, in addition, maintains client states in South Korea and South Viet Nam on both Chinese flanks - and has maintained a fleet, armed almost entirely with nuclear weapons, off the Chinese coast. It has, in short, forced the Chinese to accept a situation such as has not confronted any other major power in recent times. These have been extreme provocations; they have virtually been acts of war. In the face of them, I believe we can say without falling prey to romantic rhetoric, that the Chinese response has been a model of restraint and responsibility and that we are justified in regarding the Chinese leaders as among the most mature and self-controlled in the world today.

American policy has been a clear failure in its ultimate objective - to prevent industrialization and provoke mass discontent and insurrection. On other levels, however, it has been partially successful. For one thing it has forced the socialist world to adopt stern, repressive, and sometimes totalitarian measures in order to defend itself against the constant threat

of aggression. These measures, as best illustrated by Stalin's rule in Russia, have naturally tended to find institutional and bureaucratic expressions; which in turn have hardened and taken on a life of their own. As a result, socialism, as it has so far appeared in the world, has been identified, however superficially and unfairly, with opposition to freedom and democracy.

CLIPPING TAKEN FROM "THE GEORGIAN"
ISSUE OF 28-11-67

Whether or not these opportunities can be realized depends largely on our own wisdom and effort. The opportunities could easily be thrown away by timidity or, alternatively, by absurd adventurism. Avoidance of these twin pitfalls depends entirely on our own ability to analyze and understand a rapidly changing and increasingly complex world. The failure of the Left in North America has not, as one of our local ignoramuses recently suggested, been due to its passivity. This is an idle slander, which betrays and almost total ignorance of its history. On the contrary, it has been and remains courageous, militant, and action-oriented. The problem has been its failure to understand the world in which its action must take place and it has therefore spent its best efforts without lasting results. For this reason alone, those who deprecate theoretical work and scorn the intellectual community are proposing to lead you to one more act of senseless adventures, which can only end in defeat and disillusionment.

CLIPPING TAKEN FROM "THE GEORGIAN"

ISSUE OF 1-12-67

Genovese continued from page 7

not to mention of talent.

The movement that must be built to oppose imperialism and to struggle for a transformation of society will necessarily have to be based on the workers and the technical strata, but the ideological leadership will have to emerge from the intelligentsia. This means that the universities have a major role to play. To say, as some do, that they are merely bourgeois institutions involved in a conspiracy to brainwash students is to talk like a 19th century Populist - if not a nincompoop. These institutions have had a complex history and manifest a contradictory character. But they have generally been the advanced guard of freedom of thought within the bourgeois world, and they have represented the highest form of the tradition of Anglo-Saxon liberty - a precious tradition for which much blood has been spilled and which requires militant defense. Certainly, they have often disgraced themselves and have betrayed their own heritage. The fact remains that, as institutions, they embody a splendid tradition of free discourse and as such present favorable opportunities for the training of a socialist intelligentsia. Our task, accordingly, is not to draw a blind and stupid analogy between the class confrontation

of worker and capitalist and the relations among administration, faculty, and student, which are potentially relations of community unity in defense of institutional autonomy.

On the contrary, our task is to demand that each section of that community defend the autonomy of the institution against all outside pressures and that, simultaneously, maximum freedom of speech be preserved within. As socialists, we must, for example, defend at all cost, the right of reactionary bourgeois professors to speak and teach here. And we must do so not in deference to some empty liberal notion of toleration, but because we cannot possibly develop our critical faculties and our ability to communicate with the masses we must win unless we are constantly engaged in high-level ideological war. For this reason alone, only an idiot would tell you that bourgeois philosophers, sociologists, or historians

have nothing to teach you. Ask these idiots a question: If the bourgeois ideologues are so foolish and knavish and our revolutionary heroes are so clever and principled, how come these fools and knaves beat the hell out of us in open debate so often? The masses are not stupid. They do not follow the bourgeoisie because they are dupes or cowards. The fact is that we have not yet confronted our enemies with a total world view embraced in a viable polit-

ical movement. As professors and students we have a major role to play in this work. It requires an appreciation of the magnitude of the task, a proper disdain for phrase-mongering, and a willingness to test every idea against tough and learned opponents; and it requires steady nerves, patient and steady work under discouraging conditions, and coolness under fire. What is needed now and will be needed in the decades ahead is not romantic rhetoric appeals to nonexistent barricades, and pompous invitations to self immolation; what is needed is a disciplined and modest awareness that we have convinced our own people to turn away from a social order they simply take for granted and to oppose it resolutely. To do that each of us will have to do his thing - a modern version, I suppose, of the Calvinist doctrine of the calling. We shall have to learn to divide our time between necessary political action, some of which will certainly have to be in the streets, and that patient, steady, unromantic work of becoming serious intellectuals - intellectuals worthy of respect, who can influence and persuade, rather than exhort and bully. If this perspective seems tame, so be it. I nonetheless say that those who counsel immediate confrontation with the state are fakers who will themselves do no such thing.

The role of the radical professor today

is to present his students with a new world view, not as a general sermon on social issues, but in its specific manifestation within his own discipline. To do this, he must first be a serious scholar, the master of his material, who respects the viewpoints of others and who is ready to test his mettle regularly by confronting the views of others. And the role of the radical student is to win his fellow students to that world view.

This requires respect for their sensibilities as well as their ideas; it requires the willingness to set an example by serious and excellent work as a student; and it requires an eagerness to engage in a rational, well mannered, and decent exchange of opinions. Our students are neither corrupt, nor venal, nor stupid; they are imprisoned by a hegemonic bourgeois world view. To reorient them requires, first of all, being their friends, being willing to learn from them as well as to teach them, and being able to speak their language. And therefore I respectfully suggest to you that he who preserves his militancy and readiness for harsh confrontations when they are necessary and proper while simultaneously setting an example by his excellence as a student and a developing intellectual - that he and he alone among our students deserves to be respected as a fighter for socialism and for the revolutionary transformation of society.

Genovese speaker at Socialist Scholars Conference

by Robert Johnston

NEW BRUNSWICK, N.J.—Young radicals last week besieged the convention of the American Political Science Association in Washington, D.C. with a series of demands aimed, they said, at making political science relevant to contemporary political and social issues. But at the same time, speakers at the fourth annual Socialist Scholars Conference, at Rutgers University, emphasized the need for more detached intellectual work to build a broader, more solid base for social improvement.

Some of the SSC speakers and issues raised:

--Christopher Lasch, from Northwestern University, decried America's lack of a revolutionary tradition, and called for the emergence of a revolutionary culture tied to political and economic action -- "revolution must be born from the deepest feelings of the people, but Americans have never had to look deeply into themselves".

--Ernest Mandel, editor of the Belgian weekly *La Gauche* and participant in the French student-worker demonstrations of last spring, declared that the French experience clearly proved that a "socialist revolution is possible in an advanced, industrial country" -- "the students alone decided neither the course nor the outcome of the demonstrations; it was decided the first day of the general strike by workers who made a united commitment to running their own lives".

(Eugene Genovese, from Sir George Williams University, in a paper on Harold

Cruse's *The Crisis of the Negro Intellectual* argued that Cruse understates and underestimates the strength and depth of American racism toward blacks and misjudges the potential relevance toward the problem of racism of a black nationalist response -- "Cruse is silent on the opportunism and treachery that have pervaded every nationalist movement in history".

--James Weinstein, author of *The Decline of Socialism in America, 1912-1925*, scored socialist intellectuals' "historical inability to conceptualize a model of post-industrial socialism" -- the surplus population of the U.S. ghettos and the detachment of American youth from alienating work, thereby avoiding co-optation into the expanding consumer economy, underscoring the need for a new vision of socialism which understands the changes and needs of this new society;

--Gar Alperovitz, from the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, stressed the emerging role of decentralization in planning such a socialist vision -- "small communities" with a socialist orientation "seem to speak to the problem of alienation among blacks and youth in this country".

These trends of thought seemed to stand out at the conference: the old socialist-Marxist vision is no longer adequate to map out future social changes and alternatives; those revolutionary groups participating in the development of a socialist future must not think in American or "statist" terms, on pain of co-optation by the imperialist ethic; decentralization, or people's control over their own lives, must be a major tenet of socialist goals; blacks and youth are the most available potential recruits to a socialist revolution, but the reactionary alienation of the worker is at least a hopeful sign of potentially fruitful disruption.

In constructing a new so-

cialist vision a number of speakers stressed the importance of uniting a "strong cultural front with changes on the political and economic frontiers". Genovese said "white America must be restructured if white America is to be free," which he said follows from Marx's call for the "decentralization and liberation of the cultural apparatus from the elite".

"Either the left must reorganize itself for the battle of cultural hegemony," Genovese declared, "or political power is lost. We must end the nauseating and degrading tendency of the white left to live vicariously through the black revolt. We will have to save ourselves".

"Most quantitative socialist demands have been met," Weinstein said, "wages, hours, benefits, etc. But this hardly gets to the root of the problem. We still have a crisis in financing social products, as opposed to subsidizing private industry."

"The problem," he said, "is to get socialist intellectuals organized for a competent critique of American society. Without that we cannot have a revolutionary politics, and without that we cannot have a revolution".

The question of statism or nationalism was touched upon by all the panelists discussing Cruse's book, and was an underlying assumption in many other discussions. Michael Greenberg, from the Brooklyn Polytechnical Institute, said "Viet Nam, the invasion of the Dominican Republic and the repression of blacks have exposed America's basic imperialist aims. Rational foreign and domestic policies that square with these aims are getting more and more difficult to formulate".

62-100839-55

0

~~SECRET~~

THE GEORGIAN

SIR GEORGE WILLIAM UNIVERSITY

ISSUE OF SEP. 17 1968.

CARDING DATE....SEP. 17 1968

Genovese outlined a series of pitfalls that militant blacks would have to avoid: black enclave (ghetto) economies which poor reflections of their capitalist context; and opportunism and reformism on the one hand and Maoist romanticism on the other. Advocates of black power "need a clear line", he said, "on their national and international possibilities. A radical black party needs wide alliances".

Mandel and Alperovitz both stressed the centrality of "worker alienation" in existing advanced Western countries in planning an alternative socialist vision. The French workers knew from the start, Mandel said,

that the crucial issue was not wages or hours but their own participation in production processes and decisions.

Alperovitz, who drew on his studies in Eastern Europe and Asia of cooperative workers groups, noted the old socialist contradiction between centrally imposed socialist reforms and participatory government. "William A. Williams (of the University of Wisconsin) is absolutely right in saying

that the conservatives have been the only ones to see the inherent evil in transferring power to a central government. Socialism in the past has always been statism".

In his studies he has looked at "micro-socialist units" which are set up as "small communities of social ownership". Many New Left groups in the U.S., he said, are adopting these in an effort to make their organizations more manageable and humane.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (62-100839)

FROM : SAC, NEW HAVEN (100-19909) (P)

SUBJECT: EUGENE DOMINICK GENOVESE
SM-PLP
(OO:NY)

DATE: 3/5/69

Re: Bureau 07, 1/30/69.

It is to be noted that referenced Bureau 07 enclosed copy of Legat Ottawa letter to Bureau, dated 1/17/69.

New Haven indices are negative on captioned subject.

On 2/3/69, [redacted] Provost Office, Yale University, New Haven, Connecticut, advised SA [redacted] as follows:

EUGENE DOMINICK GENOVESE was appointed a Visiting Professor of History for the second term, 1/27/69 - 6/30/69.

She stated that he is residing in the guest suite of Saybrook College, Yale, which is on campus.

[redacted] stated that when he completes the second term he will then return to his regular position. She noted that in 1967 he was appointed a Professor of History at Sir George Williams University, Montreal, Quebec, Canada.

She stated that he received a BA degree in 1953 from Brooklyn College; an MA from Columbia University in 1955; and a PhD from Columbia in 1959. From 1958 to 1963 he was an Assistant Professor of History and Economics at the Polytech Institute of Brooklyn and from 1963 to 1967 he was an Associate Professor of History at Rutgers University, New Brunswick, New Jersey.

3- Bureau (1- Legat Ottawa) (Info)
2- New York (100-116175)
1- New Haven (100-19909)
RAM:cah *legat* **REC 1**

(6)

(RM)

Copy to *OTTAWA*

by routing slip for

WAR 1 ☐ nation

date *3-7-69*

by *STWJ*

62-100839-56
11
11 MAR 8 1969



NH 100-19909

The 1968-1969 Yale University Faculty Directory indicates that GENOVESE is to be a Visiting Professor of History, second term, 1/69 - 6/69, and will reside in Room 988, Saybrook College.

The Bureau and New York will note from the foregoing that captioned subject can be expected to temporarily stay in New Haven and at Yale through the end of May, 1969, in that classes and examinations at Yale end May 31, 1969, although faculty appointments for the second term run for the period 1/27/69 - 6/30/69.

New Haven will remain alert for the activities of captioned subject while he is temporarily in this Division.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Director, FBI (Bufile-62-100839)

DATE: 3/24/69

FROM : SAC NEW YORK (100-116175)

SUBJECT: EUGENE DOMINICK GENOVESE
SM - PLP
(OO: NH)Cards UTD
Cards Sent OO
4/3/69
an

The captioned individual has been the subject of a security investigation by this office. The New Haven Division has verified the permanent presence of the subject in its division as residing and working at the addresses listed below. The New Haven Division is being considered the new office of origin.

Residence Address

Saybrook College, Yale University, New Haven, Connecticut

Business Address, Name of Employing Concern, and Address, Nature of Employment, and Union Affiliation, if any.

Visiting Professor, Yale University, New Haven,Connecticut

Check the following applicable statements:

- ☒ This individual is the subject of a Security Index Card. (The Bureau is requested to make the appropriate changes in the Security Index at the Seat of Government. The New Haven Division should affix the addresses indicated above and the appropriate case file number.)
- ☐ This subject is tabbed for Detcom.
- ☐ This subject was carried as a Key Figure or Top Functionary.
- ☐ Handwriting specimens have been furnished to the Bureau.
- ☒ A photograph has been furnished to the Bureau.
- ☒ A security flash notice has been placed with the Identification Division and a copy has been designated therefor.

The following pertinent items are being forwarded to the new Office of Origin with its copies of this letter:

- ☒ Security Index Cards
- ☐ Serials (specify)
- ☒ Photograph of subject (check appropriate item listed below)
- ☒ Negative and three copies of most recent or best likeness photograph.
- ☐ None available.
- ☐ Previously furnished.

RUC

2 - Bureau (Reg.):

2 - New Haven (100-19909)

Enc. 24 (Reg.)

1 - New York

JLG:1hr

(5)

REC-9

62-100839-57
2 MAR 26 1969

51 APR 3 1969

F-10

Wagoner
NAT. INT. SEC.
JLG:1hr
JLG:1hr

NY 100-116175

1. G-2 report dated 10/15/53.
2. New York report of SA HAROLD E. COLE, dated 9/9/54.
3. New York report of SA WILLIAM F. MITCHELL, dated 10/29/54.
4. St. Louis report of SA [REDACTED], dated 12/20/54. b6 b7C
5. New York report of SA THOMAS J. MC NIFF, dated 7/16/56.
6. New York report of SA [REDACTED] dated 12/27/56.
7. Memorandum to SAC, NY, 1/20/59.
8. New York report of [REDACTED] dated 7/16/63. b6 b7C
9. New York report of [REDACTED] dated 8/17/64.
10. New York report of SA WILLIAM C. KASH, dated 9/10/65.
11. New York report of SA [REDACTED] dated 10/13/66.
12. New York report of SA WILLIAM C. KASH, dated 10/30/67.
13. New York letter to Director, dated 11/18/68.
14. Legat, Ottawa letter to Director, dated 11/29/68.
15. Legat, Ottawa letter to Director dated 12/10/68.
16. Letter of the Director to Legat, Ottawa, dated 12/19/68.
17. Legat, Ottawa letter to Director, dated 1/17/69.

SAC, New York (100-116175)

4/28/69

1 - Mr. Cotter
1 - Mr. Wagoner

Director, FBI (62-100839)

et
EUGENE DOMINICK GENOVESE
SM - PLP

ReNYlet 3/24/69 (FD-128).

Review of appropriate files, FBI Identification Division, failed to locate any identification record identifiable with subject. Under the circumstances, a Security Flash Notice cannot be placed regarding the subject with the Identification Division. Refer to Manual of Instructions, Section 87D, pages 27 and 27a.

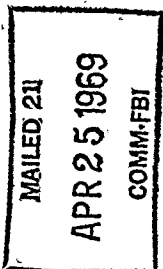
Relet indicated a Security Flash Notice had been placed with the Identification Division, which is in error. New York should score form error against responsible personnel.

1 - New Haven (100-19909)

JRW:era
(6)

REC-9

62-100839-58



Tolson _____
DeLoach _____
Mohr _____
Bishop _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
Felt _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

MAIL ROOM ☒ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

379
66 MAY 6 1969

file

*LA/Jan
JRW*



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

New York, New York
March 24, 1969

In Reply, Please Refer to

File No. BUfile 62-100839
NYfile 100-116175

BB
SUBJECT: *O* EUGENE DOMINICK GENOVESE
REFERENCE: MEMORANDUM DATED 12-11-67

Referenced communication contained subject's residence and/or employment address. A recent change has been determined and is being set forth below (change only specified):

Residence: Saybrook College
Yale University
New Haven, Connecticut

Employment: Visiting Professor
Yale University
New Haven, Connecticut

62-100839-

NOT RECORDED

3 APR 8 1969

FD-128 DETACHED

*cc to USSS
MPLS
J. R. White*

*Waggoner
Nat. Security*

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

APR 09 1969 *JH*

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (62-100839)

FROM : SAC, NEW HAVEN (100-19909) (P)

SUBJECT: EUGENE DOMINICK GENOVESE
SM-PLP
OO:NH

DATE: 7/8/69

0-1 NH 9-17-69

Comm. WBS

Re NH let 7-8-69

An information copy of this letter is designated for Legat, Ottawa, due to previous investigation and the fact that subject reportedly returned to Canada. No investigation requested.

For the information of Buffalo, captioned subject, a white male, was born 5/19/30 at Brooklyn, New York, is married, and is presently on the Security Index.

The 6/7/69 City-County edition of "The Evening News," Newark, New Jersey, on page 2, carried an article captioned "History Post To Genovese." It reveals that GENOVESE has been offered the position as head of the University of Rochester (New York) History Department. According to the article, he is currently teaching at St. George William University in Montreal, Quebec, Canada.

On 7/7/69, [redacted] Saybrook College, Yale University, New Haven, advised SA [redacted] that Professor EUGENE D. GENOVESE left Yale in early May, 1969, and returned to St. George William University, Montreal.

On 7/7/69, [redacted] Department of History, Yale University, stated that GENOVESE taught at Yale only during the spring term, namely February to May, 1969. He has since returned to St. George William University and recently was appointed to the faculty of an unrecalled university in New York State.

4 Bureau (RM)
(1 Legat, Ottawa Info 100-1605)
2 Buffalo (RM)
2 New Haven
RAM/mmj
(8)

REC-59

62-100839-59

17 JUL 11 1969

INT. SEC.



LEADS:

BUFFALO

AT ROCHESTER, N.Y.

Will make inquiry of established sources at the University of Rochester to verify captioned subject's appointment within the Department of History.

Will also determine if captioned subject has arrived at the University of Rochester yet. If he has not, appropriate stops should be placed so that the Buffalo Division is apprised of his arrival there.

New Haven Division is not submitting an FD-122 at this time nor requests any investigation in Canada as it is apparent that within the next 60 to 90 days, captioned subject will begin his new position at the University of Rochester.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (62-100839)

FROM : SAC, NEW HAVEN (100-19909) (P)

SUBJECT: EUGENE DOMINICK GENOVESE
SM - PLP

DATE: 9/19/69

Re NHlet 7/8/69, cc Buffalo

New Haven requests that Buffalo immediately verify subject's employment at the University of Rochester.

AM

1d
② - Bureau (62-100839) (RM)
2 - Buffalo (RM)
2 - New Haven
(5)
RAM/nk

EX-102

REC-8

62-100839-60

9 SEP 22 1969



57 SEP 25 1969

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

INT 500

Tolson _____
 DeLoach ☒ _____
 Mohr _____
 Bishop BIA _____
 Casper _____
 Callahan _____
 Conrad _____
 Felt _____
 Gale _____
 Rosen _____
 Sullivan _____
 Tavel _____
 Trotter _____
 Tele. Room _____
 Holmes _____
 Gandy _____

Rochester U. Hires Genovese Controversial Rutgers Figure

ROCHESTER, June 6 (AP)—The appointment of Dr. Eugene D. Genovese, a controversial figure at Rutgers University four years ago, as a professor and chairman of the history department at the University of Rochester was approved today by university trustees.

Dr. Genovese, now a professor of history at Sir George Williams University in Montreal, stirred a controversy at the New Jersey university when he was reported to have advocated a Viet Cong victory and proclaimed himself a Communist.

In a report issued later to Gov. Richard J. Hughes, a board quoted Dr. Genovese as having denied favoring a Viet Cong victory, but having said rather that he hoped for the withdrawal of United States from Vietnam.

A disagreement at Rochester University over whether he should be hired sparked the resignation of two department chairs last month.

The Washington Post Times Herald _____
 The Washington Daily News _____
 The Evening Star (Washington) _____
 The Sunday Star (Washington) _____
 Daily News (New York) _____
 Sunday News (New York) _____
 New York Post _____
 The New York Times 38 _____
 The Sun (Baltimore) _____
 The Daily World _____
 The New Leader _____
 The Wall Street Journal _____
 The National Observer _____
 People's World _____
 Examiner (Washington) _____

Date JUN 8 1969

NOT RECORDED
 184 JUN 23 1969

4 JUN 24 1969

12) cc to new Haven 6/16/69

J.R.W. 1/11/72

file

62-100839

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

for
TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (62-100839)
FROM : *[Signature]* SAC, BUFFALO (100-19807) (RUC)
SUBJECT: ^(A) EUGENE DOMINICK GENOVESE
SM - PLP
OO: NEW HAVEN

DATE: 9/17/69

Re New Haven let to Bureau, 7/8/69.

Articles appearing in the "Democrat and Chronicle," a daily newspaper published in Rochester, N.Y., disclosed that EUGENE GENOVESE has been appointed professor of history at the University of Rochester (U of R) in Rochester, New York, effective 9/1/69.

On 9/12/69, an unidentified directory assistance operator of the Rochester Telephone Company advised that records of her office disclose a new listing for EUGENE GENOVESE at 54 Corwin Rd., Rochester, N.Y., telephone no. 288-0573.

On 9/12/69, [redacted] (protect per request),

[redacted] an established source, advised that GENOVESE rejected an offer to become chairman of the U of R History Department but accepted the position of professor. [redacted] stated that classes commence 9/23/69 and that GENOVESE is scheduled to teach during the fall term.

- 20*
4 - Bureau (RM)
- (1 - Legat, Ottawa, (100-1605) (Info)
2 - New Haven (100-19909) (RM)
2 - Buffalo

TJM:hld
(8)

REC- 66

62-100839-611

22
17 SEP 1969

59 OCT 6 1969



5010-108-01

*1 - cc Legat Ottawa by 0-7
for info 10/3/69 S. M. Wae*

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

[Signature]
INT. SEC.

INT. SEC.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Director, FBI (Bufile - 62-100839)

DATE:

9/26/69

FROM : SAC NEW HAVEN (100-19909) (RUC)

SUBJECT: EUGENE DOMINICK GENOVESE
SM - PLPCards UTD
Cards Sent 00
10/3/69
dew

The captioned individual has been the subject of a security or racial investigation by this office. The Buffalo Division has verified the permanent presence of the subject in its division as residing and working at the addresses listed below. The Buffalo Division is being considered the new office of origin.

Residence Address
54 Corwin Road, Rochester, New York.
Business Address, Name of Employing Concern and Address, Nature of Employment, and Union Affiliation, if any.
Professor of History, University of Rochester, Rochester, New York.
Check the following applicable statements:
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> This individual is the subject of a <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Security Index Card <input type="checkbox"/> Agitator Index Card. (The Bureau is requested to make the appropriate changes in the <input type="checkbox"/> Security Index <input type="checkbox"/> Agitator Index at the Seat of Government. The <u>Buffalo</u> Division should affix the addresses indicated above and the appropriate case file number.)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> This subject is tabbed Priority. <u>11</u>
<input type="checkbox"/> This subject was carried as a Top Functionary.
<input type="checkbox"/> Handwriting specimens have been furnished to the Bureau.
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A photograph has been furnished to the Bureau.
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A security flash notice has been placed with the Identification Division and a copy has been designated therefor.
The following pertinent items are being forwarded to the new Office of Origin with its copies of this letter:
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Security Index Cards (2 SI cards; 3rd card to be fwd. by r/s). <input type="checkbox"/> Agitator Index Card <input type="checkbox"/> Serials (specify) (See attached list). <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Photograph of subject (check appropriate item listed below)
<input type="checkbox"/> Negative and three copies of most recent or best likeness photograph. <input type="checkbox"/> None available. <input type="checkbox"/> Previously furnished.

RUC

EX-102

③ Bureau (Registered Mail)
 ② - Identification Div. Enc. 27
 2 - Buffalo
 1 - New Haven
 (5)
 RAM/nk

(Registered Mail)

REC-62

62-100839-602

15 SEP 29 1969

ENC DETACHED AND
HANDLED SEPARATELY
53 OCT 9 1969

STAT. SEC.
INT. SEC.

Enclosures for Buffalo Office (with FD-128)

Report dated 10/15/53.

New York report SA HAROLD E. COLE 9/(?)54.

" " " SA WILLIAM F. MITCHELL 10/29/54.

St. Louis report SA [REDACTED] 12/20/54.

NY report SA THOMAS J. MC NIFF 7/16/56.

NY report SA [REDACTED] 12/27/56.

NY memo SA ROBERT C. HAINES 1/20/59.

NY report SA [REDACTED], 7/16/68.

NY report SA [REDACTED] 8/17/64.

NY report SA WILLIAM C. KASH 9/ 10/65.

NY report SA [REDACTED] 10/13/66.

NY report SA WILLIAM C. NASH 10/30/67

NW let.to Bureau 11/18/68.

Letter to [REDACTED] U.S. Embassy, Ottawa, 11/25/68.

" from Legal Attache. Ottawa 11/29/68 to Bu.

" to [REDACTED] U.S. Embassy, Ottawa, 12/6/68.

Let. to Bu. from Legal Attache, Ottawa, 12/10/68.

Bulet to Legat, Ottawa, 12/19/68.

Newspaper photostags of "The Georgian, Sir George William Univ., 9/17/68.

Letter to [REDACTED] U.S. Embassy, Ottawa, 1/13/69.

Letter to Bu. from Legal Attache, Ottawa, 1/17/69.

NHlet to Bu. 3/5/69.

Bulet to NY 4/28/69.

Newspaper clipping 5/14/69, The Evening News, Newark, N.J.

NYlet to NH 5/29/69.

Two Security Index cards (3rd card to be fwd. by r/s.

b6
b7C

b6
b7C



In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

New Haven, Connecticut 06510
September 26, 1969

SUBJECT: EUGENE DOMONICK GENOVESE

REFERENCE: New York letter dated 3/24/69.

Referenced communication contained subject's residence and/or employment address. A recent change has been determined and is being set forth below (change only specified):

Residence: 54 Corwin Road, Rochester, New York.

Employment: Professor of History, University of Rochester,
Rochester, New York.

FD-128 DETACHED

1-CCSS lugo-14i
L 98 m/wae 10/2/69

[Handwritten signature]

FILE 62-100839-62

Date: September 25, 1969

To: Director, FBI

(Bufile : 62-100839)

Attention : _____

From: Legal Attache, Ottawa

(100-1605)

Title EUGENE DOMINICK GENOVESE	Character SM-PLP
OO: NEW HAVEN	Reference Ottawa letter - 1/17/69.

Enclosed are the following communications received from _____

Original and two copies _____ letter 9/18/69 with attachment:

Remarks:

Bufile for Demonstration Sir George Williams University-
Montreal, Quebec - 2/11/69 - not available in this office.
_____ letter 6/6/69 with paper referred to forwarded to
the Bureau by Ottawa letter 6/12/69. Genovese is
mentioned on Page 15 of Part I and on Page 3 of Part VIII.

Dissemination

(Note last paragraph of attachment to _____ let)

- ☐ May be made as received
☐ May be made as indicated by stamp on enclosure
☐ May not be made without further clearance _____

Following offices would be interested in receiving copies of enclosures:

Buffalo; New Haven. (100-19909)

Status with this office:

- ☒ RUC
☐ Pending

4 Bureau (Encs. -6)

- 1 Buffalo
1 New Haven

RTN:jl

6 OCT 10 1969

ENCLOSURE

2-cc Covlet & LHM's
New Haven by RS. Action
-cc Buffalo Covlet & LHM's
by 0-7 for info 27/m/cwae
10/1/69

Do not write in space below			
62-100839	63	REC 4	
10-1		EX-103	
10 SEP 29 1969			

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (62-100839)

DATE: 11/21/69

FROM : SAC, BUFFALO (100-19807) (C)

SUBJECT: EUGENE DOMINICK GENOVESE
SM - PLP

Re New York let to Bureau, 11/18/68 and report
SA WILLIAM C. KASH, dated 10/30/67 at New York.

Instant letter is being submitted in lieu of
a report because there is no pertinent information to
report.

RESIDENCE AND EMPLOYMENT

Subject resides at 54 Corwin Road, Rochester,
New York and is Chairman of the University of Rochester,
Department of History, according to information furnished
by [redacted] (Protect per Request), [redacted]
[redacted]
an established source.

b6
b7C
b7D

INFORMANTS

During September and October 1969, the following
persons who are familiar with certain phases of the
Progressive Labor Party and Students for a Democratic
Society (SDS) activity in the Rochester area, advised that
they have received no information that GENOVESE has
affiliated with either the Rochester Branch of the
Progressive Labor Party or the University of Rochester
Chapter of SDS:

PSI [redacted] EX-110
PSI [redacted] (Former); REC-69

[redacted]
(Protect per Request);

[redacted]
(Protect per Request)

NOV 24 1969

2 - Bureau (RM)
1 - Buffalo

TJM:gap

(3) 321

59 DEC 3 1969

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan



BU 100-19807

Buffalo is considering this case closed but is preparing appropriate ticklers for verification of residence and employment and submission of annual report.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Director, FBI (Bufile 62-100839)

DATE: 11/19/69

FROM : SAC, BUFFALO (100-19807) (P)

SUBJECT: EUGENE DOMINIC GENOVESE
SM - PLP
(OO New Haven)
BUFFALOCards UTD
Cards Sent 00
11/28/69
DLN

Re: _____

☐ It is recommended that a Security Index Card be prepared on the above-captioned individual.☒ The Security Index Card on the captioned individual should be changed as follows (specify change only):

Name EUGENE DOMINIC GENOVESE			
Aliases		<input type="checkbox"/> Native Born <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Naturalized <input type="checkbox"/> Alien	Tab <input type="checkbox"/> Priority I <input type="checkbox"/> Priority II <input type="checkbox"/> Priority III
<input type="checkbox"/> ANA <input type="checkbox"/> AWC <input type="checkbox"/> BNT	<input type="checkbox"/> COMMUNIST <input type="checkbox"/> JFG <input type="checkbox"/> MIN	<input type="checkbox"/> NOI <input type="checkbox"/> PLP	<input type="checkbox"/> PPA <input type="checkbox"/> PRN <input type="checkbox"/> Miscellaneous (Specify) _____
<input type="checkbox"/> RAM <input type="checkbox"/> SDS		<input type="checkbox"/> SNC <input type="checkbox"/> SPL	<input type="checkbox"/> SWP <input type="checkbox"/> WWP
Date of Birth	Place of Birth	Race	Sex <input type="checkbox"/> Male <input type="checkbox"/> Female
Business Address, Name of Employing Concern and Address, Nature of Employment, and Union Affiliation, if any. Chairman University of Rochester Department of History Rochester, New York		Residence Address 54 Corwin Road Rochester, New York 62-100839-	
Key Facility Data		NOT RECORDED 12 NOV 21 1969	
Geographical Reference Number		Responsibility	

REGISTERED MAIL

② - Bureau (RM)

1 - Buffalo

TJM;bab

(3)

56 DEC 3 1969

ENCLOSURE DETACHED AND
HANDLED SEPARATELY

INT. SEC.

DEC 21 1969



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Buffalo, New York
November 19, 1969

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

SUBJECT: EUGENE DOMINIC GENOVESE

REFERENCE: Report of SA WILLIAM C. KASH,
dated October 30, 1967 at
New York

Referenced communication contained subject's residence and/or employment address. A recent change has been determined and is being set forth below (change only specified):

Residence: 54 Corwin Road
Rochester, New York

Employment: Chairman
University of Rochester
Department of History

- ② Bureau (62-100839) (RM)
(1 - Secret Service,
Washington, D. C.)
1 - Secret Service,
Buffalo, New York
1 - Buffalo (100-19807)
TJM;bab
(4)

62-100839
NOT RECORDED

2 NOV 21 1969

FD-122 DETACHED

[Signature]
INT. SEC.

11/26/69
ICC to SS.

51 DEC 1 1969

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (62-100839)

DATE: 11/28/69

FROM : *H. M. [unclear]* SAC, BUFFALO (100-19807) (C)

SUBJECT: EUGENE DOMINICK GENOVESE
SM - PLP

Re Bureau 0-1, 11/25/69, and mylet, 11/21/69.

As reflected in referenced letter, due to the inactivity of subject, no report being submitted.

2 - Bureau (RM)
1 - Buffalo
TJM:bab
(3)

REC-93

ST-118

62-100839-65

DEC 1 1969



DEC 5 1969

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC, Buffalo (Your file 100-19807) DATE: 11/25/69FROM : Director, FBI (Bufile and Serial 62-100839) ☐ Post in file and destroy 0-1Room No. 914 9th + D

(For SOG use only)

SUBJECT: Eugene Dominick GenoveseSM - PCPSEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILEDNOV 26 1969
FBI - BUFFALORe New Haven FD 128 9/26/69☐ 1. Bufiles indicate this case is delinquent. Give specific reason for delinquency.☐

☒ 2. DATE ☐ airtel ☐ letterhead memo ☐ submitted
☐ report ☐ 90-day progress letter ☒ will be submitted

Reporting employee _____

☐ 3. If valid reason exists for not submitting report at this time, state reason specifically and when report will be submitted _____☐ 4. Status of ☐ Appeal ☐ Inquiry ☐ Investigation ☐ Prosecution☐ airtel☐ letterhead memo☐ 5. Submit ☐ report☐ letter☐ 90-day progress letter by _____

(Date)

(Place reply hereon and return to Bureau. Note receipt and acknowledgment on top serial in case file.)

ENCLOSURE

62-100839-65

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

REPORTING OFFICE BUFFALO	OFFICE OF ORIGIN BUFFALO	DATE 5/19/71	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD 5/3 - 5/11/71
TITLE OF CASE EUGENE DOMINICK GENOVESE		REPORT MADE BY <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 150px; height: 20px;"></div>	TYPED BY cb6 b7C
		CHARACTER OF CASE SM - PLP	

REFERENCES: Re Buffalo letters to Bureau, 11/21 and 11/28/69.

- P -

ENCLOSURESTO BUREAU

Enclosed for Bureau are two copies of an FD-376.

ACCOMPLISHMENTS CLAIMED						<input type="checkbox"/> NONE	ACQUIT- TALS	CASE HAS BEEN: PENDING OVER ONE YEAR <input type="checkbox"/> YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO PENDING PROSECUTION OVER SIX MONTHS <input type="checkbox"/> YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO
CONVIC.	AUTO.	FUG.	FINES	SAVINGS	RECOVERIES			
APPROVED <i>[Signature]</i>						SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE		
COPIES MADE:						DO NOT WRITE IN SPACES BELOW		
① - Bureau (62-100839) (Encs. 2) (RM). (1 - Secret Service, Washington, D.C.) 1 - Secret Service, Buffalo 3 - Buffalo (100-19807).						62-100839-66 MAY 24 1971 REG-78 EX-115		
Dissemination Record of Attached Report						CC TO: US REQ. REC'D AUG 9 1971 INT. SEC.		
Agency	RAO, SS							
Request Recd.	1/15/70							
Date Fwd.	5/27/71							
How Fwd.	RLS							
By	DR/Amis							

BU 100-19807

LEADS

BUFFALO

AT BUFFALO, NEW YORK

Will await Bureau decision regarding deletion of subject from SI.

INFORMANTS

Identity of Source

Location

BU T-1

[Redacted]

(Per request)

Instant report
Pages 1 and 3

b6
b7C
b7D

BU T-2

[Redacted]

(Established source -
per request)

Instant report
Pages 2 and 3

BU T-3

[Redacted]

(Established source -
per request)

Instant report
Page 2

BU T-4

[Redacted]

(Established source -
per request)

Instant report
Page 2

BU T-5

[Redacted]

Instant report
Page 2

b7D

BU 100-15

ADMINISTRATIVE

A letter recommending subject be deleted from SI is being submitted.

Two FD-376s have been enclosed to facilitate dissemination of instant report to Secret Service, WDC.

- C -
COVER PAGE

BU 100-19807

1. ☒ Subject's name is included in the ☒ Security Index ☐ Agitator Index ☐ Reserve Index.
2. ☒ The data appearing on the ☒ Security Index Card ☐ Agitator Index Card are current.
3. ☐ The data appearing on the Reserve Index Card ☐ A ☐ B ☐ are current ☐ have been changed.
4. ☐ Changes on the ☐ Security Index Card ☐ Agitator Index Card are necessary and ☐ Form FD-122 ☐ FD-397 submitted to the Bureau.
5. ☐ A suitable photograph ☒ is ☐ is not available.
Date photograph was taken 1969
6. ☐ Subject is employed in a key facility and _____ is charged with security responsibility. Interested agencies are _____
7. ☒ This report is classified "~~Confidential~~" because (state reason) it contains information from confidential sources of continuing value whose future effectiveness could be compromised if instant report were disseminated to unauthorized persons. This could adversely affect the security interests of this nation.
8. ☐ Subject previously interviewed (dates) 10/15/54, 5/15/57
☒ Subject was not reinterviewed because (state reason) there is no reason to feel an interview would be productive and also because he is a controversial professor and political figure who, if interviewed, might attempt to embarrass the Bureau.
9. ☒ This case no longer meets the ☒ Security Index ☐ Agitator Index criteria and a letter has been directed to the Bureau recommending cancellation.
10. ☐ This case has been reevaluated in the light of the ☐ Security Index ☐ Agitator Index criteria and it continues to fall within such criteria because (state reason)
11. ☒ Subject's SI card is tabbed ☐ Priority I ☒ Priority II ☐ Priority III.
☐ Subject's activities warrant such tabbing because (state reasons) letter has been directed to Bureau recommending cancellation.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20535

May 19, 1971

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Director
United States Secret Service
Department of the Treasury
Washington, D. C. 20220

Dear Sir:

The information furnished herewith concerns an individual who is believed to be covered by the agreement between the FBI and Secret Service concerning Presidential protection, and to fall within the category or categories checked.

1. ☐ Has attempted or threatened bodily harm to any government official or employee, including foreign government officials residing in or planning an imminent visit to the U. S., because of his official status.
2. ☐ Has attempted or threatened to redress a grievance against any public official by other than legal means.
3. ☒ Because of background is potentially dangerous; or has been identified as member or participant in communist movement; or has been under active investigation as member of other group or organization inimical to U. S.
4. ☐ U. S. citizens or residents who defect from the U. S. to countries in the Soviet or Chinese Communist blocs and return.
5. ☐ Subversives, ultrarightists, racists and fascists who meet one or more of the following criteria:
 - (a) ☐ Evidence of emotional instability (including unstable residence and employment record) or irrational or suicidal behavior;
 - (b) ☐ Expressions of strong or violent anti-U. S. sentiment;
 - (c) ☐ Prior acts (including arrests or convictions) or conduct or statements indicating a propensity for violence and antipathy toward good order and government.
6. ☐ Individuals involved in illegal bombing or illegal bomb-making.

Photograph ☐ has been furnished ☐ enclosed ☐ is not available
☐ may be available through _____

Very truly yours,

John Edgar Hoover
John Edgar Hoover
Director

2 - Bureau (62-100839)
(1 - Secret Service, WDC)

1 - Special Agent in Charge (Enclosure(s))

U. S. Secret Service, Buffalo

1 - Buffalo (100-19807)

TJM;ck

(4)
Enclosure(s)

(Upon removal of classified enclosures, if any, this transmittal form
becomes UNCLASSIFIED.)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Copy to: 1 - Secret Service, WDC
1 - Secret Service, Buffalo

Report of:
Date:

[REDACTED]
5/19/71

Office: Buffalo, New York

b6
b7c

Field Office File #:

100-19807

Bureau File #: 62-100839

Title:

EUGENE DOMINICK GENOVESE

Character:

SECURITY MATTER - PLP

Synopsis:

EUGENE DOMINICK GENOVESE resides at 54 Corwin Rd., Rochester, N. Y., and is Chairman of History Department, University of Rochester. Sources possess no information indicating GENOVESE has affiliated with any subversive or extremist organizations in Rochester. Sources state GENOVESE has had calming influence on students who think well of GENOVESE and who generally accept his advice to use non-violent tactics.

-P-

Details:

AT ROCHESTER, NEW YORK

Residence

Source advised that EUGENE resides at 54 Corwin Road, Rochester, New York.

Source: BU T-1
May 3, 1971

~~GROUP 1
Excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

66

BU 100-19807

Employment

Source advised that EUGENE DOMINICK GENOVESE is Chairman of the Department of History, University of Rochester (UR), Rochester, New York.

Source: BU T-2
May 3, 1971

AFFILIATIONS WITH SUBVERSIVE
OR EXTREMIST ORGANIZATIONS

Sources advised that they possess no information indicating EUGENE DOMINICK GENOVESE has affiliated with any subversive or extremist organizations in Rochester, New York.

Sources: BU T-3
BU T-4
BU T-5
May 11, 1971

MISCELLANEOUS

The November 12, 1969 edition of the "Democrat and Chronicle," daily newspaper published in Rochester, New York, contains an article captioned "U.R. Prof Cautions Protestors." This article quotes "the controversial Dr. Eugene Genovese" as saying that protestors "have to show by opposing the war (in Vietnam) we are defending the honor and dignity of a country to which we are wholly committed."

GENOVESE also said, "The great bulk of Americans who support this war do so for decent reasons, however misguided they may be. These people we are out to win over, not to put down."

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

BU 100-19807

The May 5, 1970 edition of "The Times Union," daily newspaper published in Rochester, New York, in an article captioned "Students Leave, Clean Up Building," quotes Professor GENOVESE as having advised students not to use violence in demonstrations which took place at the UR.

The same article says that GENOVESE also told students only a "total effort by concerned students to go out and talk to people, middle class working people and convince them, or at least let them know what kind of people you are, and that you want their help in ending this violence ... will help end this fiasco."

Sources stated that GENOVESE has had an obvious calming influence on students at the UR. Sources pointed out that since his employment at the UR, the incidents of student unrest and disruption has diminished substantially. Sources feel that credit for this trend can be attributed largely to GENOVESE. Sources said that GENOVESE is generally well thought of by the students and that they generally accept his advice to use non-violent tactics.

Sources: BU T-1
BU T-2
May 11, 1971

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Buffalo, New York
May 19, 1971

In Reply, Please Refer to

File No. BU 100-19807

Title EUGENE DOMINICK GENOVESE

Character SECURITY MATTER - PLP

Reference Report of [redacted]
dated and captioned as above.

b6
b7c

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

Anti-war fight shakes meeting of historians

By TIM WHEELER

Daily World Washington Bureau

WASHINGTON, Ddec. 29 — Displaying unexpected strength, radical historians today shook the 84th annual meeting of the American Historical Association with militant protests against the Vietnam war and repression at home.

The radicals led the gathering in a walkout from a seminar on Southeast Asia policy featuring author Arthur Schlesinger, Jr., and Walt Rostow, whom they regard as the main ideologists of U.S. imperialism. The historians then went to the Justice Department to protest the U.S. war in Vietnam and the annihilation of the Black Panther Party at home.

Establishment historians appear to have been caught off guard.

One-fourth of the participants voted last night for Prof. Staughton Lynd, radical leader, to be the next president of the Association — the first contested election in the history of the Association. The vote was 1,040 to 396.

Radicals gaining

There are more than 7,000 at this gathering, most of them non-voting, and support for the radical movement against war and racism appears to be gaining the ascendancy. Even among the voting members a large bloc appears undecided.

The radicals met in caucus today to map a strategy for winning them to the anti-war, anti-racist cause. Lynd told the radical caucus, "We are working on the expectation of a move by (C. Van) Woodward to adjourn the session tonight without debate on our resolutions. We want to show who is being totalitarian, who is being democratic. We want to make possible a discussion on our resolutions."

Lynd was referring to four resolutions against the war, racism, and the undemocratic structure of the Association itself.

The establishment historians in a panic unleashed a furious campaign to block the debate on the resolutions. The possibility of passage of an anti-Vietnam war resolution forced the reactionaries to resort to open terrorism.

Arthur Waskow, director of the Institute for Policy Studies here in Washington, was physically attacked in the corridor of the Sheraton-Park Hotel by an irate reactionary. "This little fat man walked up to Waskow and tried to stuff a newspaper in his mouth," an eyewitness told this reporter. "There have been several scuffles. I wouldn't have thought I would have seen this kind of physical terror used at a gathering of Ph.D.s."

While goon tactics against the radicals were unleashed in the corridors of the hotel, the establishment posed in public as the champion of "free speech."

Genovese's tirade

Eugene G. Genovese, formerly of Rutgers University, accused the radicals of attempting to purge from the Association supporters of the Vietnam war. He called upon the gathering to "put them (the radicals) down hard,

and put them down once and for all.

"I am not about to let Professor Lynd lecture me on Vietnam," Genovese said.

In defense of cold war advocates, Genovese added, "It is not our business to self righteously sit and read them out of the human race. No member of this Association who supports this war could remain a member" if Lynd is elected.

Thus Genovese became the mouthpiece of a crude Spiro Agnew-like turnabout in which the victims of repression of free speech become the gaggers of dissent.

Establishment historians, such as Rostow and Schlesinger, maneuvered to no avail last night to adjourn the debate on Lynd's candidacy and the resolutions. The majority held out, until midnight, against adjournment.

Continued on page 11

Eugene P. Genovese

Tolson _____
DeLoach _____
Walters _____
Mohr _____
Bishop _____
Casper _____
Callahan _____
Conrad _____
Felt _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Sullivan _____
Tavel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

n Post _____
ld _____
n Daily News _____
ar (Washington) _____
r (Washington) _____
w York) _____
New York) _____
Times _____

The Sun (Baltimore) _____
The Daily World _____
The New Leader _____
The Wall Street Journal _____
The National Observer _____
People's World _____
Examiner (Washington) _____

Date 12-30-69

MCT-20 62-100839-A-

NOT RECORDED

133 JAN 22 1970

Anti-war fight shakes historians

Continued from page 3

The sharpest resolution reads:

"Resolved, that as citizens and historians, we recognize and find intolerable the present direction of the American Government. In order to pursue an imperialist war against the people, the Nixon administration has increasingly moved to repress political opposition at home.

"Moreover, the physical and cultural destruction of the Vietnamese people reflects a much older and deeper policy of physical and cultural destruction of the black community at home, and is now being carried into new versions of racism by the administration in its 'civil rights' program and its aid to counter-insurgent police forces in the great cities. The political assassination of the Black Panther Party is the most blatant example."

Other issues raised by the radicals were male chauvinism and racism in the field of history itself. Democratic reorganization of the Association to bring minority groups and women into the field was urged in resolutions.

Another resolution called for inclusion of graduate and undergraduate students in the governing body of the Association.

~~SECRET~~

Assistant Attorney General
Internal Security Division

June 16, 1971

Director, FBI

1 - Mr. Ryan

1 - Mr. Dix

EMERGENCY DETENTION PROGRAM

The name of the subject appearing below has been approved for inclusion in the Security Index by the Internal Security Division of the Department.

Name: EUGENE DOMINICK GENOVESE

FBI File Number: 62-100839

Department Approved: May 25, 1965

Date of Last Report: May 19, 1971

Investigation has failed to develop evidence of recent subversive activities or affiliations on the part of the subject. All pertinent information concerning the reported past subversive activities of the subject has been furnished the Records Administration Office.

It is requested that the results of the investigation be reviewed to determine whether the subject's name should continue to be included in the Security Index.

100-398030

1 - Buffalo (100-19807)

NOTE: SAC, Buffalo

Pending receipt of reply from Department, subject's name will be retained in Security Index.

1 - 62-100839 (Genovese)

WPD:ekn (7) *ekn*

NOTE: Letter classified "~~Secret~~" as pertains to SI and EDP, component parts of which are so classified by the Department.

~~SECRET~~

GROUP 1
Excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

EX-115
REC 43
Tolson _____
Sullivan _____
Mohr _____
Bishop _____
Brennan, C.D. _____
Callahan _____
Casper _____
Conrad _____
Felt _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Savel _____
Trotter _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____

DIRECTOR, FBI (62-100839)

5/19/71

SAC, BUFFALO (100-19807) (P)

EUGENE DOMINICK GENOVESE
SM -- PLP

Rerép of SA [REDACTED], 5/19/71, at
Buffalo.

b6
b7c

Captioned individual is presently a Priority II SI Subject. He is Chairman of the History Department at the University of Rochester (UR), Rochester, N. Y., and has often publicly identified himself as a Marxist. He has long opposed U.S. involvement in Vietnam.

However, there has been no information indicating he has affiliated with any basic revolutionary groups, including PLP, within the past five years. Moreover, public and confidential sources have stated that GENOVESE has urged students to use non-violent tactics. Confidential sources have also advised that GENOVESE is well thought of by students who have generally accepted his advice to use non-violent tactics.

It thus appears that subject does not meet criteria for inclusion on the Security Index, and Bureau is requested to consider deleting subject therefrom.

2 - Bureau (RM)
2 - Buffalo

TJM:ck
(4)

SAC, Buffalo (100-19807)

7/14/71

Director, FBI (62-100839)

1 - Mr. D. Ryan

EUGENE DOMINICK GENOVESE
SM - PLP
OO:BU

ReBUREp 5/19/71.

Cover pages of rerep indicate a letter has been directed to the Bureau recommending the subject's deletion from the Security Index. Bufiles do not record the receipt of this letter.

Promptly submit letter or advise date letter was submitted.

DR:sfw
(4)

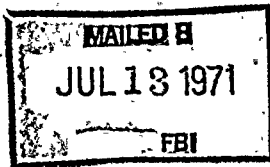
NOTE:

Subject is included on Security Index, Priority II.

EX-105

REC-4

62-100839-60



10 JUL 13 1971

Tolson _____
Felt _____
Sullivan _____
Mohr _____
Bishop _____
Brennan, C.D. _____
Callahan _____
Casper _____
Conrad _____
Dalbey _____
Gale _____
Ponder _____
Rosen _____
Savel _____
Teters _____
Tele. Room _____
Holloman _____
Gandy _____

62 JUL 19 1971

MAIL ROOM ☒ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (62-100839)

FROM : *KQ* SAC, BUFFALO (100-19807)

SUBJECT: *0* EUGENE DOMINICK GENOVESE
SM - PLP
(OO: Buffalo)

DATE: 7/15/71

7 ReBulet, dated 7/14/71.

Buffalo letter of 5/19/71 recommended deleting subject from Security Index.

Bureau letter to Buffalo, dated 7/9/71, advised subject's name has been removed from the Security Index.

2 Bureau (RM)
1 - Buffalo
FBJ:mfm
(3)

K

ad

REC-64

62-100839-69

EX-112

12 JUL 18 1971



5010-108-02

4188
JUL 23 1971

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

RA
SAC, Buffalo (100-19807) **EX-114**

7/9/71

REC-34
Director, FBI (62-100839) — 70

1 - Mr. Ryan

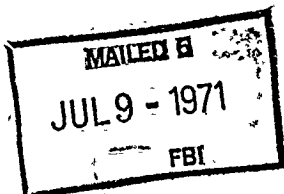
1 - Mr. Dix

EUGENE DOMINICK GENOVESE
SM - PLPSecurity Index card cancelled
7/14/71
modReBulet to the Department dated 6/16/71
captioned "Emergency Detention Program," a copy of which
was furnished your office.By letter dated 7/2/71, the Department
advised that the subject's name should be removed from the
Security Index. This action has been taken at the Bureau and
similar action should be taken with respect to the cards main-
tained in your office.

1 - 100-398030 (Emergency Detention Program)

JFM:ekn *ekw*
(6)NOTE:

Last report dated 5/19/71.

Tolson _____
Sullivan _____
Mohr _____
Bishop _____
Brennan, C.D. _____
Callahan _____
Casper _____
Conrad _____
Dalbey _____
Felt _____
Gale _____
Rosen _____
Tavel _____
Walters _____
Soyars _____
Tele. Room _____
Holmes _____
Gandy _____
Beaver _____MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐WPD/M
Cancelled

JUL 5 1971

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 100-398030-1

United States Government
MEMORANDUM

~~SECRET~~

2011

To: Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation

Date: July 2, 1971

RCM From: Assistant Attorney General
Internal Security Division

Subject: INDEX REVIEW

Security Index card cancelled

Re: *EUGENE DOMINICK GENOVESE*

File in FBI No. *CC: 100-62-3980839*
Reports of investigation have been reviewed as requested
by you on *June 16, 1971*.

It has been determined that indexing of this case for future
review should be

☐ continued

☒ discontinued

Commentary:

REC-34

EX-114

62-100839-70

21
22 JUL 6 1971

cc: FBI
ISD-SO
Dept. 146-012-18-2

~~SECRET~~

GROUP 1
Excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification

RESEARCH SECTION

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN

100-398030-

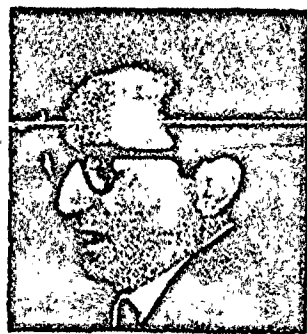
let to SAC, BU
JF:mlk 7-9-71

CLIPPING TAKEN FROM "THE GEORGIAN"

ISSUE OF 1-12-67

THE ROLE OF THE RADICAL

Part I of the text of Prof. Genovese's speech, delivered at the fourth in the series of lectures on Vietnam, was presented in the last issue. Part II deals primarily with the actions of a certain member of the Sir George faculty and the possible alternative actions of those wishing to change the power structure.



To be specific, I should like to sketch, however hurriedly, the tasks we face, and in so doing I should like to confront the stupid and malicious pronouncements recently emanating from our local nihilists. On October 20, Mr. David Orton of the Sociology Department published in the *georgian* a thinly veiled attack on his leftwing colleagues. That his adolescent assault was disguised as an obituary for Che Guevara - that he manipulated the grief over the murder of a great revolutionary in order to serve his own personal and factional ends - says all we need to know about his character. I shall not dwell on the most obviously shabby features of his attack - that is, on his retreat into household gossip. It seems that what he calls academic Marxists, apparently in contradistinction to guerilla fighters like himself, "make absolute distinctions between revolutionary theory and revolutionary action." This statement is mere slander, and the only hint of evidence to support it concerns the so-called life-style of some of us - I suppose those of us who wear vests and drink martinis. I should respectfully suggest that if the best our revolutionary hero has to offer consists of snooping into other people's private lives, then revolutionaries are not quite what they used to be. I am tempted to ask here: Just who is this self righteous gossip? Where has he been? On what barricades has he fought? For what revolutionary party or tendency does he speak? What state apparatus has he ever confronted? And what heroism, besides the purely verbal, has he displayed that he is so quick to malign the rest of us?

But I shall leave these personal asides, these washer-woman biographical excursions, and the rest of this trivia to our local people's hero. In fact, I should not have bothered mentioning his article at all - for it is intrinsically unworthy of attention - were it not that it exposes certain unfortunate tendencies among our younger radicals, who do commend respect for their militancy and desire to avoid repeating old mistakes. I shall, therefore examine several of Mr. Orton's propositions in the hope of clarifying some existing issues.

Mr. Orton makes several points, which directly contradict those I have suggested here today. The revolution will be made by those who act, not by those who talk endlessly - and naturally no one would disagree. He then suggests that direct action, whatever that means, is called for now, that such action cannot be limited to the arena approved by the bourgeois state, and that Fidel's dictum obtains: "The duty of the revolutionary is to make the revolution." Now, of course, no one could argue about any of these trite and meaningless phrases. The problem is what kind of action? under what banner? toward what end? in what context? and on what terrain? On all this, our hero is silent. But what is clearly implied in his article and in his more recent tantrums is the proposition that we are in a revolutionary crisis calling for a direct confrontation with the state apparatus. This underlying proposition, I submit, is nonsense and will readily be recognized as nonsense by anyone who takes the trouble to consider it seriously even for a moment.

To defend such an assertion Mr. Orton would have to provide an analysis of the political, economic, and social situation in the Western countries and especially in the United States; he would have to show how the state apparatus is deep in trouble and close to crumbling. I invite him to present this argument in a public debate at his earliest convenience and am prepared to defend the alternative assertion that anyone who takes such a position is a half-wit.

We have been told to stand ready to die. We have not been told where, how, or exactly in what cause. I do not myself see the immediate advantages of erecting barricades in Montreal or in New York. To do so would undoubtedly make our local masochists and would-be martyrs feel better. But revolutionaries are interested in politics, not personal salvation; they are interested in changing society, not merely in defying it. The Left has already accumulated a sufficient storehouse of martyred saints and glorious, inspiring defeats. I humbly suggest that what we need now are a few mundane victories. Permit me therefore to present an alternative perspective; permit me also to do it in a necessarily sketchy and schematic form. I would hope, however, that there will be other occasions to pursue the question.

First, the hopes for a direct confrontation with the bourgeois state in the West receded with the defeat of the revolutionary forces after World War I and certainly with the recovery of the capitalist economies in the 1930's. Therefore, Western socialists must reorganize in order to effect a structural transformation of society from within.

CLIPPING TAKEN FROM "THE GEORGIAN"

ISSUE OF 1-12-67

Second, as imperialism is forced to retreat on a world scale, it will increasingly be forced to confront grave problems at home. Therefore, the relative quiescence of the working class and even of large sections of the new middle classes and the intelligentsia is not a permanent condition.

Third, the revolutionary advance in the West depends, for the moment at least, on advance in the underdeveloped world. Therefore the Left must stanchily defend those revolutions and in so doing must guarantee itself against any flirtation with attempts to divide the world into spheres of influence under the guise of protecting the peace.

Fourth, the strategy of imperialism, outlined earlier in this paper, has had a brilliant and so far successful domestic counterpart. By forcing the Left to react to one new barbarism after another, it has instilled in it a crisis psychology - a perpetual feeling of Armageddon - and has thereby trapped it into tactical adventures while deepening its alienation from society - from the very people it must organize in order to win power. But if the imperialist state cannot be overthrown forcibly by frontal assault, if it must be fought step by step over many decades, then such alienation plays into the hands of the bourgeoisie and becomes a counter-revolutionary force. And on these grounds alone the hippie phenomenon must be judged essentially retrogressive.

Fifth, under conditions of a long - perhaps 50 to 100 years - struggle to change society amidst a world wide balance of nuclear terror, it is the solid elements to whom we must appeal - the workers, the technical and bureaucratic strata, and the intelligentsia. From a war of barricade confrontation we must pass to what the great Italian Marxist, Antonio Gramsci, called "a war for position on the cultural front". This strategy has several corollaries, to which I should like to turn briefly.

The major ties of the Western masses to the imperialist regimes are not merely economic: they involve a broad ideological adherence. In particular, the notion that socialism threatens freedom and democracy is deeply rooted. To persuade our people, whose commitment to freedom is real and intrinsically admirable, we shall have to champion the struggle for basic freedoms throughout the world and also

present a coherent philosophy, economics, and sociology within which to develop our own claims. The ideological adherence of the masses to the bourgeoisie is total. The masses genuinely do not and cannot believe that anyone else could run society without ruining it and destroying individual liberty. Therefore, the entire culture of the bourgeoisie - its pretensions to the legitimacy of its hegemony - must be fought.

For this reason alone, a professor, let us say, of sociology who patiently analyzes and persuasively refutes bourgeois theoretical systems, while encouraging students to learn every single thing that can be learned from them, makes a genuine contribution to the advancement of our work in a tough ideological war, where as the professor who refuses such an engagement, pretends that such sociological systems have nothing to teach, pretends that their refutation is superfluous, and then retreats into abusive rhetoric and mere denunciation exhibits a failure of nerve -

(continued to page 13)

COMMENT ON THE FOURTH VIETNAM LECTURE

I was not present at Dr. Eugene D. Genovese's lecture on Vietnam, Monday the 20th November. However, several people have conveyed to me some remarks that were made directly and indirectly about myself. I have now also managed to obtain a copy of the lecture text.

Tactics and strategy, for those who see themselves as part of the Left, are naturally matters of contention. There are differences of opinion and one needs to be aware of the illusion that there are final answers. As Marx noted, "The dispute over the reality or non-reality of thinking that is isolated from practice is a purely scholastic question." In discussing such matters it seems to me that one should (a) present the opponent's position in its various dimensions and not merely an interpretation of that position, and (b) avoid personal invective. It is evident from the text of Dr. Genovese's lecture that the avoidance of personal fulminations and the fair presentation of my views were not uppermost in his mind. The extraordinary tone of personal and bitter vilification is surprising. One of my many characterizations in Dr. Genovese's lecture text is that of being "one of our local ignoramuses." After such a categorical description it is indeed strange that he should offer to publicly debate with me. The text of Dr. Genovese's lecture on Vietnam notes that "it is addressed in the main, although "not exclusively, to the leftwing of this campus." I hope the leftwing of this campus gives it the attention it deserves. For myself, I certainly learnt from reading it where it's at.

David Orton
November 26, 1967